

87 COMPUTIST

Canada \& Mexico \$7
U.S. \$3.75

## Contents



Softkeys:
Blue Grass Bluff (5.25") Bluegrass Bluff (3.5") .. Botanist's Apprentice (The) Cause \& Effect: Mountain

Climbing Blue Level
Cleanwater Detectives (3.5") Cleanwater Detectives (5.25")
.. .20

Context Clues: Hidden
Drawing Conclusions: Chief of
Detectives Blue Leve.
Drawing Conclusions: Chief of
Detectives Red Level. Estimation Activities (3.5") Estimation Activities (5.25")
Fact or Opinion: Smart
Shopper Blue Level
Fact or Opinion: Smart
Shopper Red Level
Field Zoologist, The
Following Directions: Behind the
Wheel Red Level
Getting the Main Idea: Around the
World Blue Level Wetting the Main Idea: Around the World Red Level. $\qquad$ $+. . . .21$ Grammar Gazene (3.5) ..................... 20 Grammar Monsters (3.5") ................... 20 Inference: School Days Red Level ..... 21 Journey to the Age of the Dinosaurs .... 20 Journey to the Age of the Dinosaurs ............... 20
Littletown Zoo (3.5")............... 20
Littletown Zoo (5.25") Littetown Z00 (5.25").......................... 20
Living Cell (3.5"), The ................. 20 Living Cell (5.25"), The ................................ 20 Outpost .................................................... 17 Paper Plane Pilot (5.25") Pensate
Problem Solving With Nim (3.5............... 18
Problem Solving With Nim (5.25") ...... 20
Reading for Detail: Race
Track Blue Level.
ading for Detail: Race Track Red Level .... quence: What Comes First Blue Level .... First What Comes First Red Level.
Seven Cities of Gold Seven Cities of Gold

Skills Bank II.
Snack Attack.
Spectre ...
Superkey

TEAM Series: General Interest ...
TEAM Series: Making Choices.
TEAM Series: People and Places............ 20 TEAM Series: Science and Health ....... 20 Time Navigator Around
the World (3.5")......
Time Navigator Around th..................... 20
(5.25")...

Twerp
Vacation Nation...................................................... 20
Vacation Nation Travel (3.5")................
Vacation Nation Travel (5.25") $\quad . . . . . . . . .20$
Where in the World is
Carmen Sandiego?
Woolly Bounce (35") ....................... 18 Woolly Bounce (525")
Bugs:
Bug in Algebra vol 3 \& 4 .................... 21 Bug in Matchmaker

World Geography Facts $\qquad$ Bug ${ }^{\text {PSAT }}$ Word Attack Skills ........ 21 Bug in PSAT/SAT Analogies. Bug in SAT Word Attack Skills ............... 21 Advanced Playing Techniques: Questron II....
Playing Tips:
Questron II..
Questions:
IBM Softkeys:

## IBM Softkeys:

Aardvark McGraw-Hill
Financial Software..
Ancient Art of War Astrilis...
ATI Training Softwar
Faery Tale, The
Gauntlet.
Grave Yard

COMPUTIST
Charles R. Haight
Jeff Hurlburt
Editor
Vincent Andrews
COMPUTIST is published by SofKey
Publishing. Address all inquiries to: COMPUTIST
33821 East Orville Road
Eatonville, WA 98328-9590 (206) 832-3055

- COMPUTIST does NOT purchase editorial material. The entire editorial content consists of information submitted to COMPUTIST for publication in the shared interests of all COMPUTISTs.
- Unsolicited material (manuscripts, letters to the editor, softkeys, A.P.T.s, playing tips, questions, etc.) are assumed to be submitted as letters-to-the-RDEX-editor for publication with all and exclusive rights belonging to COMPUTIST.
- Entire contents copyright 1990 by SofKKey Publishing.Allrights reserved.Copying done for other than personal or internal reference (without express written permission from the publisher) is prohibited.
-The SoftKey Publishing assumes no liability or responsibility for the products advertised in this newsletter. Although we are usually prety much in agreement, any opinions expressed by the authors are not necessarily those of COMPUTIST magazine or SoftKey Publishing.
SUBSCRIPTIONS: Rates (for 8 issues): U.S................. $\$ 25$ Canada/Mexico .. $\$ 35$ U.S. 1st Class .. $\$ 35$ Other Foreign ..... $\$ 54$ - Subscriptions are sold by number of issues and not by month or year. An 8 issue subscription means that you will recieve 8 issues before you need to renew. It's when you will receive each issue that we're a little erratic about.
- Domestic Dealer rates: Call (206) 832-3055 for more information.
- Change Of Address: Let the U.S. Postal Service know that you are moving. Tell them that you want your mail forwarded. If your issue does not come to you in an envelope hen you have a regular subscription and you must tell the USPS to forward your third class mail. Notify us as soon as you know your new address. When we receive your notice of change of address, we will send you an acknowledgement card. If you do not receive the acknowledgement card after 2 weeks, send another notice or call us direct.
Issuesmissed due tonon-receipt of change of address may be acquired at the regular back issue rate.
We are not responsible for missing issues 90 days after mailing date. If you do not receive an issue at the usual time each month, please call or write.



## Readers Data EXchange

New COMPUTIST readers using. Apple IIs are advised to read this page carefully to avoid frustration when attempting to follow a softkey or entering the programs printed in this issue.

## What is a softkey, anyway?

Sofkey is a term which we coined to describe a procedure thatremoves, or at leastcircumvents, any copy-protection on a particular disk. Once a softkey procedure has been performed, the resulting backup copy can usually be copied by the normal copy programs (for example: COPYA, on the DOS 3.3 System Master disk).

## Commands and control keys

Commands which a reader is required to perform are set apart by being in boldface and on a separate line. The return key must be pressed at the end of every such command unless otherwise specified. Control characters are preceeded by "ctrl". An example of both is:

## $6 \mathrm{ctrl} P$

Type 6. Next, place one finger on the ctrl key and then press P. Don't forget to press the return key.

Other special combinationkeypresses include ctrl reset and open-apple ctrl reset. In the former, press and hold down the ctrl key then press the reset key. In the latter, press and hold down both ctrl and open-apple then press reset.

Software recommendations
The Starter Kit contains most of the programs that you need to "Get started". In addition, we recommend that you acquire the following:

- Applesoft program editor such as "Global Program Line Editor (GPLE)".
-Assembler such as "Merlin/Big Mac".
-Bit-copy program such as "Copy II Plus", "Locksmith" or "Essential Data Duplicator".
-Word-processor (such as AppleWorks).
"COPYA", "FID" and "MUFFIN" from the DOS 3.3 System Master disk.


## Super IOB and Controllers

This powerful deprotection utility (in the COMPUTIST Starter Kit) and its various Controllers are used in many softkeys. (It is also on each Super IOB Collection disk.)

## Reset into the Monitor

Softkeys occasionally require the user to stop the execution of a copy-protected program and directly enter the Apple's system monitor. Check the following list to see what hardware you will need to obtain this ability.

Laser 128: Your ROM includes a forced jump to the monitor. Press ctrl return reset.

Apple IIt, //e, compatibles: 1) Place an Integer BASIC ROM card in one of the Apple slots. 2) Use a non-maskable interrupt(NMI) card such as Replay or Wildcard.

Apple II+, compatibles: 1) Install an F8 ROM with a modified reset-vector on the computer's motherboard as detailed in the "Modified ROM's" article (COMPUTIST \#6 or Book Of SoftkeysIII) or the "Dual ROM's" article (COMSoftkeysili)o

Apple //e,//c: Install a modified CD ROM on the computer's motherboard that changes the open-apple ctrl reset vector to point to the monitor. (This will void an Apple //c warranty since you must open the case to install it.)

Apple //gs: If you have the 2.x ROM, there is a hidden Classic Desk Accessory (CDA) that allows you to enter the monitor. In order to install the new CDA, you should enter the monitor (CALL -151) before running any protected programs and press \# return. This will tum on two hidden CDAs, Memory Peeker and Visit Monitor. Thereafter press openapple ctrl esc to go to the Desk Accessories menu. Select Visit Monitor and there you are. Use ctrl Y to exit.

## Recommended literature

-Apple II Reference Manual (or IIe, IIc, etc.)
DOS 3.3 \& ProDOS manual
-Beneath Apple DOS \& Beneath Apple ProDOS, by Don Worth and Pieter Lechner, from Quality Software

## Typing Applesoft programs

BASIC programs are printed in a format that is designed to minimize errors for readers who key in these programs. If you type:
10HOME: REMCLEAR SCREEN
The LIST will look like:
10 HOME : REM CLEAR SCREEN
Applesoft inserts spaces into a program listing before and after every command word or mathematical operator. These spaces don't pose a problem except when they are inside of quotes or after a DATA command. There are two types of spaces: those that have to be keyed and those that don't. Spaces that must be typed appear in COMPUTIST as special characters ( $(0)$. All other spaces are there for easier reading.

NOTE:If you want your checksums to match, only type spaces within quotes or after DATA statements if they are shown as ( 0 ) charactors. SAVE the program at periodic intervals using the name given in the article. All characters after a REM are not checked by the checksum program so typing them is optional.

## Typing Hexdumps

Machine language programs are printed in COMPUTIST as hexdumps, sometimes also as source code.

Hexdumps are the shortest and easiest format to type in. You must first enter the monitor: CALL -151

Key in the hexdump exactly as it appears in the magazine, ignoring the four-digit checksum ( $\$$ and four digits) at the end of each line. When finished, return to BASIC with:
3DOG
BSAVE the program with the filename, address and length parameters given in the article.

## Typing Source Code

The source code is printed to help explain a program's operation. To enter it, you need an
"Assembler". Most of the source code in older issues is in S-C Assembler format. If you use a different assembler, you will have to translate portions of the source code into something your assembler will understand.

## Computing checksums

Checksums are 4 -digit hexadecimal numbers which tell if you typed a program correctly and help you locate any errors. There are two types of checksums: one created by the CHECKBIN program (for machine language programs) and the other created by the CHECKSOFT program (for other created by the CHECKSOF program (for".

ASIC programs). Both are on the "Starter Kit".
If your checksums donot match the published checksums then the line where the first checksum differs is incorrect.

CHECKSOFT instructions: Install Checksoft (BRUN CHECKSOFT) then LOAD your program. Press \& to get the checksums. Correct the program line where the checksums first differ.

CHECKBIN instructions: Enter the monitor (CALL-151), install Checkbin at some out of the way place (BRUN CHECKBIN, A\$6000), and then LOAD your program. Get the checksums by typing the Starting address, a period and the Ending address of the file followed by a ctrI $Y$. SSSS.EEEE ctrl Y

Correct the lines where the checksums differ.

## Writing to the RDEX editor

RDEX (are-decks) stands for: Reader's Data EXchange. We print what you write. When you send in articles, softkeys, APTs, etc., you are submitting them forfree publication in this magazine. RDEX does not purchase submissions nor do we verify data submitted by readers. If you discover any errors, please let us know so that we may inform our other readers.
Remember that your letters or parts of them may be used in RDEX even if not addressed to the RDEX editor. Correspondence that gets published may be edited for clarity, grammar and space requirements.
Because of the great number of letters we receive and the ephemeral and unpredictable appearance of our volunteer staff, any response to your queries will appear only in RDEX, so it would be more appropriate for you to present technical questions to the readers and ask for their responses which will then be placed in the Apple-RDEX.

## How to get a free library disk

Whenever possible, send everything on Apple format (5.25" - DOS/ProDOS or $3.55^{\prime \prime}$ - ProDOS) or IBM format ( $3.5^{\prime \prime}$ ) disks. Other formats are acceptable but there may be some delay as we look for someone to translate it for us. If you use a $5.25^{\prime \prime}$ disk, when we print your letter,we will return your disk with the current library disk copied onto it.) Use whatever text editor you like, but tell us which one. Put a label on the disk with your name (or pseudonym) and address (if you want to receive mail). Don't reformat any programs or include them in the text of your letter. Send Applesoft programs as normal Applesoft files and machine language programs as normal binary files. We have programs to convert them to the proper format for printing. If you are
sending source code files, and you are not using the S-C Assembler, send them as normal text files.

## When to include a printed letter

Don't include hardcopy (printout) unless:
a. You are writing about a bug or other printing error.
b. You are writing to ask for help.
c. You are answering another readers help request.
d. You are writing about your subscription or sending an order for back issues or software.
Bugs, requests for help and answers to requests for help are bumped to the head of the line and go in the very next issue. All other letters are printed in the order that we receive them.

## Writing to get help

When writing to request help, be sure to include ALL relevent information. The more information you include, the easier it is to find a solution. There's an old saying that goes "A properly framed question includes $90 \%$ of the answer".

## How to get mail

If you are interested in receiving mail from other readers, be sure that we have a current address. If you use a pen name and want to receive mail, we need to have your address. Our readers privacy is important, so we will not print your address unless you specifically say too.

## How to write to RDEX authors

When writing to one of the RPDEX authors. Write your letter and seal it in an envelope. Put your return address, the authors name (as it appears in RDEX) and the correct postage on the envelope. Put this envelope into another and send it to RDEX. We will put the correct address on your letter and mail it for you. Check to the right of the authors name to see if the author is writing from a foreign country and include the proper postage.

## Help Line

These readers have volunteered their time to help you. Please call only within the given time frames (corrected for your time zone). No collect calls. (You can write anytime!)
Jack Nissel (Disk Protection, 7-10PM EST) (215) 365-8160

Marc Batchelor, 6025 Coker St., Cocoa, FL 32927
Rich Etarip, 824 William Charles Ct. \#2, Green Bay, WI 54304-4018

## The BBS

(Bulletin Board System)
Dave Goforth is the sysop for the Computist BBS. The number is: (206) 581-9292. If you already have a User ID\# and password, sign-on using the User ID\#. If you are a new user, it may take a day or so to validate your new ID\# and password.

## You have a LEGAL RIGHT

 to an unlocked backup copy of your commercial software.Our editorial policy is that we do NOT condone software piracy, but we do believe that users are entitled to backup commercial disks they have purchased. In addition to the security of a backup disk, the removal of copy-protection gives the user the option of modifying programs to meet his or her needs. Furthermore, the copyright laws guarantee your right to such a DEPROTECTED backup copy:
..."It is not an infringement for the owner of a copy of a computer program to make or authorize the making of another copy or adaptation of that computer program provided:

1) that such a new copy or adaptation is created as an essential step in the utilization of the computer
program in conjunction with a machine and that it is used in no other manner, or
2) that such new copy or adaptation is for archival purposes only and that all archival copies are destroyed in the event that continued possession of the computer program should cease to be rightul.

Any exact copies prepared in accordance with the provisions of this section may be leased, sold, or otherwise transferred, along with the copy from which such copies were prepared, only as part of the lease, sale, or other transfer of all rights in the program. Adaptations so prepared may be transferred only with the authorization of the copyright owner."

United States Code title 17, $\$ 117$


Canada \& Mexico \$7
Table of Contents
Most Wanted softkeys ..... 23
RDEX Contributors ..... 23
unClassifieds ..... 23
The Product Monitor ..... 4
Big-Mem Fix for Appleworks 2.0 .....  5
Budokan: The Martial Spirit .....  .5
Build Your Own Stereo Board! .....  5
Happy CRT, The .....  .5
I Want My GS RAM III! ..... 4
Magic Candle II Support ..... 6
Missing Persons .....  .4
Platinum Painting Made Easy .....  .6
Their Finest Hour:The Battle Of Britain ..... 5
Vendors ..... 6
Wraith ..... 4
Bugs:
Bug in Algebra vol 3 \& 4 ..... 21
Bug in Matchmaker
World Geography Facts ..... 21
Bug in PSAT Word Attack Skills ..... 21
Bug in PSAT/SAT Analogies ..... 21
Bug in SAT Word Attack Skills . ..... 21

## Features, Notes and such:

Basics of Kracking Part \#14, The .................... 15
Build Your Own Stereo Board! ........................ 5
Kracking SSI's RDOS .................................... 15
MECC 3.5" disk softkeys ................................ 20
MECC 5.25" disk softkeys ............................. 20
Notes on Test Drive II cars disks.................... 22
Questron II CDA v2.0 ...................................... 7

Softkeys:

Blue Grass Bluff (5.25") .................................. 20

Bluegrass Bluff (3.5")...................................... 20
Botanist's Apprentice (The) ........................... 20
Cause \& Effect: Mountain Climbing Blue Level
. .21
Cleanwater Detectives (3.5") .......................... 20
Cleanwater Detectives (5.25") ........................ 20
Context Clues: Hidden Treasure Red Level
Drawing Conclusions: Chief of Detectives Blue Leve ... 21
Drawing Conclusions: Chief of Detectives Red Level ..... 21
Estimation Activities (3.5") ..... 20
Estimation Activities (5.25") ..... 20
Fact or Opinion: SmartShopper Blue Level .21
Fact or Opinion: Smart
Shopper Red Level .....  21
Field Zoologist, The ..... 20
Following Directions: Behind the Wheel Red Level ..... 21
Getting the Main Idea: Around the World Blue Level ..... 21
Getting the Main Idea: Around the World Red Level .....  .21
Grammar Gazette (3.5") ..... 20
Grammar Gazette (5.25") .....  .20
Grammar Monsters (3.5") ..... 20
Inference: School Days Blue Level .....  .21
Inference: School Days Red Level .....  21
Journey to the Age of the Dinosaurs ..... 20
Littletown Zoo (3.5") ..... 20
Littletown Zoo (5.25") ..... 20
Living Cell (3.5"), The ..... 20
Living Cell (5.25"), The ..... 20
Outpost ..... 17
Paper Plane Pilot (3.5") ..... 20
Paper Plane Pilot (5.25") ..... 20
Pensate ..... 18
Problem Solving With Nim (3.5") ..... 20
Problem Solving With Nim (5.25") ..... 20
Reading for Detail: Race Track Blue Level ... ..... 21
Reading for Detail: Race Track Red Level ..... 21
Sequence: What Comes First Blue Level ..... 21
Sequence: What Comes First Red Level ..... 21
Seven Cities of Gold ..... 18
Skills Bank II ..... 22
Snack Attack ..... 17
Spectre ..... 19
Superkey ..... 19
TEAM Series: General Interest ..... 20
TEAM Series: Making Choices ..... 20
TEAM Series: People and Places ..... 20
TEAM Series: Science and Health ..... 20
Time Navigator Around the World (3.5") ..... 20
Time Navigator Around the World (5.25") ..... 20
Twerps ..... 17
Vacation Nation Travel (3.5") ..... 20
Vacation Nation Travel (5.25") ..... 20
Where in the World is Carmen Sandiego? .....  .18
Woolly Bounce (3.5") ..... 20
Woolly Bounce (5.25") ..... 20


Advanced Playing Techniques:
Questron II 7 .

## Pláying Tips:

Questron II .7Quéstions:©$16,21,22$
IBM Softkeys
Aardvark McGraw-Hill Financial Software . .....  22
Ancient Art of War ..... 22
Astrilis .....  22
ATI Training Software ..... 22
Faery Tale, The ..... 22
Gauntlet ..... 22
Grave Yardage .....  .22
Gun Boat. .....  .22

## Editorial Notes

Hey, All you Computist writers! I've only got enough material for another one and a half issues. How about finishing up what your working on and sending it in to the RDEX editor? And while we're on the subject, I'd like to see some BASIC programs submitted. Nothing too complex, just some common but useful items.

## In the News-some moldy old flies

Bugged by household flies? It seems that someone has finally come up with a non-chemical way to zap houseflies-with mold. Sprayed from an aerosol container, it is breathed by the flies into their bodies, where it multiplies and kills them. And it's harmless to mammals, birds and the home owner. What's next?

## High-Definition TV (HDTV)

Called "Hi-Vision" in Japan, it means wide 200 inch screens and 1125 line resolution. In Europe it's 1250 lines. And in the U.S., well we don't have it yet, but they say it's coming.
The American digital standard should be able to surpass the quality of the European and Japanese versions of HDTV. Plans are afoot to start HDTV broadcasts by 1998 and to phase out regular TV by 2008. The days of regular TV are numbered and the countdown has begun.

In the meantime, buying a large-screen TV may not be such a bad idea. You'll get plenty of use out of it before you need to switch over to HDTV
and then adjust events according to gender. (The player can rescue a handsome prince, etc..) Since today's designers, artists, and scenario writers ARE more skilled than ever at 'playing the gender card', tailoring major entertainment products for women could be very profitable.

Computing, the kind that goes beyond merely viewing the computer as a business tool, involvestinkering, experimentation, and playing. Some of this (e.g. club meetings, trading ideas with friends, and modeming) entails social interaction; but, a lot doesn't. It's just you, your machine, the software, and a cup of coffee. Much of the time, any distinction between work and play is ambiguous at best. Unfortunately, the "womanly behavior" stereotype does not encourage play, except in social situations. It is "okay" for children and men to build telescopes, fly RC models, AND 'mess around' with computers. For women such behavior is "self indulgent" and "immature". Where, ever, have

you seen a movie/TV mom sit down, alone, for a session of computer gaming? The notion of a 30 -year old female account executive coming home after a rough day on the job, plopping into a chair next to her new ' 486 PC , and booting "Pools of Darkness" is positively alien.

You can't have it both ways. To "get into computing" one must be ready to play. Mastering the 'do everything machine', enhancing self-expression, career advancement- all of the 'serious stuff'- will come in time. Women enforce the stereotype; it's up to women to permit exceptions. For the talk show caller the solution may not be easy; but, at least, it's simple. Buy a computer, go to users group meetings, try some games, subscribe to Computist. In short, hop in! You really don't have to remain among the 'missing persons'! spiracy; but, it inn't. Those 'into com-
puting' would be pleased as pie to have more girls and women join in.
"Wait just a minute! If the talk show caller is typical and 'insiders' are no obstacle, what's the problem?'The problem is incentive. You have to enjoy 'computer stuff'. Otherwise, it's just plain work. In the '70's a lot of us got started bytinkering with hardware. Since the ' 80 's, the usual 'starting off' incentive has been game playing. (i.e. Real games on real computers) With few exceptions, men wrote the games, played the games, and became THE market for still more and better entertainment software. 'What's fun' in computer use is, largely, what's fun for males.

If more games were written for women, more women might play games. For example, in Origin's"Wing Commander II", female Space Aces would find that Col. Devereaux is a romantic Frenchman. An SSI AD\&D adventure might permit identifying a "lead character"

## Missing Persons

Some months ago a caller to the popular Rush Lembaugh talk show complained that computing had become a male dominated 'club' and seemed to imply some conspiracy to exclude women. Rush, an avid Mac user and promoter, argued this wasn't so. Since, by his own admission, Rush is right $94.5 \%$ of the time, that was that. 'The Host' had spoken!

More recently, one of the early morning TV news programs did a report on "Kids and Computer Games". As usual, the piece zeroed in upon users of handheld cartridge machines and the threatened onset of mindlessness. Standard stuff, except that none of the experts interviewed seemed especially worried! Facing the prospect of a no crisis, low pizazz wrap-up, the reporter happened to notice that virtually all of the zombiehood candidates were boys. "Where are the girl zombies?"she asked. "Ah, well," the game seller responded, glancing back at shelf upon shelf of glistening cartridges. "We do have a game, named 'Barbie', for girls."

Obviously, women use computers. Just as obviously, very few are 'into computing'. Users groupmeetings, hardware swap turnouts, program publication, even BBS postings-all are overwhelmingly male. It looks like a conwhelmingly male. It looks like a con-
media with scenario, directions, and over-view map all on-diskette. No frills, true; but, with three large towns plus assorted castles and dungeons, you get loads of 'olde Ultima'-style play! This means crisp, top-down view hires displays showing grasslands, water, woods, etc. when traveling outdoors. Inside, you see walls, doors, altars, counters, signs, etc.. You show up as a partiallyanimated hero figure as do merchants, hotel clerks, tavern keepers, guards, ... and monsters. A few keyboard inputs handle purchases, combats, and movement on the smooth-scrolling maps.
Despite its "Ultima"'s III-V 'look', Wraith avoids puzzles, allows 'conversations' only with barkeepers, seers, etc. behind counters, and offers very limited choices for improving weapons, armor, and magical artifacts. Aside from an amulet to detect secret doors and Recall toteleport out of tight spots, magic chiefly consists of Fireball plus a few additional attack spells. Similarly, all play-ers- there's room for three on the game diskette-begin with the same character: a male human fighter/mage. You pick a name; but have no say about profession, race, gender, and starting attributes.

On the other hand, new adventure gamers are likely to appreciate several features aimed at streamlining play. These include auto-equipping of purchased weapons and armor, bows which never run out of arrows, low-cost healing potions and spells, unlimited carrying capacity, and automatic Level advancement based upon Experience won by mashing monsters.

One automatic feature of which to be wary is the Game Save update performed whenever you enter " $Q$ "uit OR move to a new map (e.g. enter a castle, go down a stairway, etc.). Should you be killed, you are chastised by your patron goddess, zipped back to 'start' in Tarot City,

The once peaceful island of Araithia is in serious trouble. A dark force has called up orcs, ogres, evil mages, hydras, and other horrors to roam the countryside. As leading citizens and lords fall beneath the dread influence, even the towns and castles have become centers of evil. Now YOU, protector of the last temple of Metiria, have been called. Find the great weapons, armor, and magical items, develop your powers, and destroy the Wraith!
No, the price is correct. Nite Owl's map/maze adventure comes on 3.5"

and divested of any gold. (Other possessions, Level, and attributes are not affected.) Naturally, the gold-less game is also saved! (Hint: If you have acquired a pile of gold and your demise seems imminent, REMOVE the game diskette from the drive. At worst, you will have a choice of putting it back in when prompted or rebooting and resuming play from the last Save.)

Typical of games by John Carmack, Wraith does not fail to introduce some nice improvements on the format it borrows. Since you are guiding a single character, the game allows full tactical combat on the current map. While the graphics and sound closely match those of the later Ultima's (except, there's no music), 'wide open' combat results in more challenging, more entertaining encounters which may involve several
adversaries in a running battle through a dungeon's rooms and corridors. Nor do 'monsters' always attack simply because they are on-screen. (Some monsters see better than others, are more aggressive, or have guard duties.) However, if you attack someone or someTHING, any other guards or monsters which see the attack will move against you. Another clever wrinkle is the lavish use of 'signs' to supply hints (e.g. "You're Getting Close!") and to identify dungeon areas, like the "Royal Gardens" and a boulder "Throwing Range" for giants.

Spanning several large, well thought out mazescapes, Wraith can, thanks to the numerouslandmarks, be played with or without mapping. "With" is better in the long run. Line-and-box sketches take little effort and have proved to be great time savers. Bugs? Just one is worth noting; and, it may be a case of purposeful deception: look North, not South for the "secret base". Overall, expect 30-40 hours of smooth-running, medium-difficulty challenge. Getting past the Wraith's minions is not easy; you CAN get killed down there!! But, then, how long has it been since you've gotten into a for-real Ultima-style adventure? Well, that's too long!

## I Want My GS RAM III!

 $\star \star \star \star$\$199-\$499 (1MB-4MB)
\$139 (2MB) with trade-in, for Apple IIgs

## Applied Engineering

If M-TV were as good as the (now classic) rock hit, I might actually watch it. Applied Engineering's GS RAM III IS a real goodie; and I am 'watching' it even as I type. Supplied as a compact 4" $x 2$ " card, 'RAM III can add up to 4MB (6MB with special expander) of fully DMA-compatible memory AND leave plenty of room for a component crammed card in Slot 7. Since AE knows you're going to ask "Well, what about the 1MB memory board I've got now?", you can trade in (i.e. dump) your oldie and get a price break on the new board with 2MB installed.

GS RAM III uses the new 1MB x 4 zip package RAMs (e.g. 80 ns . NEC D424400V orToshibaTC514402). Each is about the size of an old 16K RAM IC but with 'all the little feets' along one edge. A 1 MB set, two chips, currently sells for about $\$ 60$ from suppliers like Quality Computers. When the board is installed the zips work like vertical fins to draw up air and dissipate heat. (Incidentally, this feature was pointed out by QC's Walker Archer, who noted their tech department "likes the 'RAM III very much".) At just $50-60 \mathrm{ma}$. of current per set, even a full 4MB draws far less than the 600 ma . allocated to the memory expansion slot.

The AE board package includes a manual describing Installation, How to add more zips, and RAM Disk use. (The manual does NOT, unfortunately, supply technical specifications- like chip info, current requirements, etc.- or a schematic.) You also get the "AW 3 Expander"diskette plus manual. It has a rigorous Memory Test program, AutoCopy utility (e.g. for boot-loading a diskette or selected files onto RAM Disk), and utilities for adding various enhancementsto"Appleworks" 1.2-3.0.

On a IIgs, the most valuable mods in crease maximum document size and number of Data Base records. As might be expected, "'Expander" and "Time Out" do not 'get along' well. The AE enhancements must be made to an unmodified copy of "Appleworks"!

Of the recent upgrades made to our "Limited Edition" Woz IIgs, it is not at all easy to say which produced the larger gain in computing Power. Zip-GS speed is VERY nice, especially for graphicsintensive applications. GS-RAM III space is absolutely addictive! (Kind of like the supply of beakers in a chem lab you end up using and needing whateve you've got.) For sure, being able to put GSOS on bootable RAM disk (and still have plenty of memory left for applications) delivers an 'order of magnitude' boost in user convenience. With RAM Disk boot times under 10 seconds, jus think back to YOUR last multi-applicaion, swap-in/swap-out computing session. OR take a look at memory size recommendations for some of the latest IIgs products. What's left to say but "I want my GS RAM III, too!"?

## Guest Reviews

## Their Finest Hour: The Battle Of Britain

## review by Douglas Hecht

You rev-up your Supermarine Spitfire Mk I, tune in your radio, and take off. It is the Summer of 1940. You and the other RAF pilots in your squad have just learned that there is a Luftwaffe bomber group converging on one of your airfields. The Junker '88A-1's are being escorted by a squadron of Messerschmitt ' $\mathrm{Bf} 109 \mathrm{E}-3 \mathrm{~s}$. Your mission is to intercept the enemy force over the English Channel and shoot down as many aircraft as possible. Off in the distance you see the German formation approaching the North side of the channel, so you climb up to about 10,000 feet and sneak up on them from above and behind - get the first bomber in your gunsites and

Fly the RAF's Spitfire or Hawker Hurricane Mk I; or try aLuftwaffe fighter or one of four German bombers! Lucasfilm's ‘Battle Of Britain' (\$54.95 for CGA-VGA 640K PC) PC) is packed with excitement. Catching a 'schmitt in your tracers, you watch it blossom into chuming smoke and fire. Guiding a German bomber, you sit in the Bombardier's seat looking down to site-in your targets; they look great before you drop your load of bombs and wipe them out! Graphics and control response are just outstanding. The AdLib/SB effects will blow you away!
Supplied with user-friendly, photofilled 'collectors quality' manual, 'Battle of Britain' includes 72 pre-defined missions PLUS the ones you design using the Mission Builder. The MB allows you to create you own objectives and battles based on historical data. To sum it all up: there's a lot of fun contained in that classy-looking box; and, it just keeps coming!

## Budokan: The Martial Spirit <br> review by Douglas Hecht

You say that you're 'into' the video game Martial Arts experience; but, you are tired of having to go to the local arcade parlor every night to play. Well, maybe you should save those quarters
and try the Budokan! Once past the gates of the 'Tobiko-Ryu Dojo', you can enter training halls for 'Karate', the art of hand-to-hand combat, 'Kendo', the art of sword fighting, 'Nunchaku', fighting with Nunchak's, or 'Bo', the art of fighting with staffs. Practice alone, with an instructor, or take on a second player at the 'Free Spar Mat'. Control options include KB-only, KB and joystick, or two joysticks. (I prefer using a joystick; it seems to make it easier to move your man.) During your training, you also have the option to visit the 'Tobiko-Sensei' to receive words of wisdom about tactics and strategy along with philosophical guidance.
When you feel that you have mastered the arts well enough to hold your own in a tournament, it's off to the Budokan where you will fight students from other Dojo's. They can teach you skills not taught by your instructors, so long, that is, as you keep winning. There are 12 other students that you can fight at the tourney; but, you must beat one before you can fight the next.
Electronic Arts' Budokan' combines a great challenge with superb graphics. I really felt like I was playing a video game at my local mall while the package was running (including no Game Save) The only difference was that I didn't have to keep feeding my PC quarters every time I lost a match! Starting with a "fable" (about some 'Monks', some 'Grain', and some 'Software'), the manual describes each move and adds some interesting background 'color' on the Martial Artstradition. (\$49.95 for CGAVGA 640K PC)

## Fast Frames, Updates, Etc.

Big-Mem Fix for Appleworks 2.0
Okay, I know every IIgs owner is supposed to be running "Appleworks 3.0" or "Appleworks /GS" or "Word Perfect/GS". Many do; but, lots of users like their multi-patched, "Time Out"enhanced '2.0's... at least, for 'everyday stuff'. Bolstered by Zip GS speed and 2 MB of AE's GS-RAM III, my Appleworks 2.0 was looking better than ever. THEN I popped in another MB and (Zonko!): bombsville! Starting from the GSOS finder or booting straight from ProDOS 1.8, the program makes it into the "Pre-loading Appleworks into language card" message and crashes.
"Most likely you got some bad RAM zips." Logical; but, AE's memory test program said: "Uh, uh. Your RAM is working fine." Besides, swapping around the zips and going back to 2 MB- everything worked againseemed to nail the culprit as memory Size. Possibly, the program has trouble dealing with ANY memory larger than 2.25 MB ; for sure, it does not like 3.25 MB.

Note: Shortly after finishing this piece, I happened to be talking with AE's Nole Holmes about GS-RAM III and mentioned the problem. Sure enough, it turns out Appleworks 2.0 is noted for not "liking anything over 2 MB"!

My Appleworks $2 . \theta$ was exhibiting a Big-Mem Bug. I wanted to squash the critter, and, if your ' 2.0 has the same problem, so will you. As to finding the bug... ? The fix I arrived at is the result of a guess that a call to the Total Mem-
ory tool might be involved. The critical machine code looks like this:
A2 02 1D (Load X: low = Toolset

## \#2; high= tool \#29)

220000 E1 (JSL to Tool Dispatcher routine)
In my version, the code shows up at \$24F4 after BLOADing the Appleworks system file (APPLEWORKS.SYS) at $\$ 1000$. To find it in your Appleworks 2.0 , BLOAD the system file, go to the monitor, and enter

## VA2 02 1D<<1000.4FFFP

The JSL instruction routes execution to Tool \#29 in the Memory Manager Toolset (\#2) in the IIgs ROM Toolbox. Ittells yourprogram how much memory is installed. Since this Total Memory number is the one Appleworks' doesn't seem to like, I substituted \$1B for \$1D at $\$ 24 \mathrm{~F} 6$ and saved the newly patched file: BSAVE APPLEWORKS.SYS, TSYS, A\$1000, L12390 (length of file as shown in CATALOG). Now, the Dispatcher call goes to Tool \#27 in Toolset \#2, the Memory Manager's Available Memory tool.

A disadvantage of the 'black box' approach to debugging is that one can never claim that a bug is "eliminated". Maybe the TM call IS the BM Bug; maybe not. In any case, with 3.25 MB installed, my 'original' copy still bombs. The BMB-patched Appleworks 2.0 boots without a hitch!

## The Happy CRT

No doubt about it, among the major components of your PC and/or Apple II system, the CRT display takes the most abuse. Day after day it gets turned ON and Off and run for long periods, all the while building up heat and collecting dust. You can simply wait for all of this to take its inevitable toll; OR, you can take a few simple steps and have a much happier, longer-lived CRT display:

1. Wash me, Please! Dust reduces airflow, increases heating, clogs controls, and can produce arcing from high voltage wiring. If your monitorhas been in service for more than three or four years, it's about time it was cleaned. Since, just for starters, a thorough cleaning means removing the case and disconnecting control cables, it is not a job for someone lacking experience with CRT display innards. (Aside from HV shock and tube implosion hazards, there are just too many ways to blow it.) A novice might get a CRT-wise friend to help, contact a maintenance shop, or settle for running a vacuum cleaner hose over the case vents (top, back, sides, AND bottom) with the display turned OFF.
2. Cool it. Displays rely upon convectionto move air in, from lower vents, and out through the top. Avoid crowding the display monitor into a cramped hutch and never block off the top with manuals, papers, etc.. On a IIgs the monitor normally sits just above the fan output vent of Kensington's "System Saver IIgs"; so, these users will get the additional benefit of some forced-air cooling.
3. Glitch not; switch not. Naturally, you are already using a "System Saver IIgs", one of the top-of-PC units, and/or some other AC line deglitcher/surge protector. Surges also occur each time you turn ON the display. (Switches arc, coils produce inductive spikes, capacitors suck in large currents, etc..) For any piece of electrical equipment, Turn-ON is a stressful instant, the moment when
failure is most likely. You cannot do much about the stress on your monitor's components; but, you can reduce the number of times you 'roll the dice'. From now on, when you must tur OFF your computer briefly to obtain a 'cold start' or to change some sensitive I/O connection, avoid hitting the Master Switchon your"System Saver"'("Power Console", etc.). Tum OFF only the computer.
4. Learn not to burn. Use "screen saver" TSR's (CDA's, NDA's). Should a user leave the system running and forget to return for a few hours, a saver will blank the screen or animate the display to prevent burning of a fixed image into the screen phosphor. If you are the only regular user and would prefer not to install saver software, just get into the habit of turning down screen intensity whenever you get up"fora few moments" to answer the phone, brew some coffee, or check a back issue of Computist. The final 'no burn' hint relates to YOU: stay away from the screen. Yes, people have been using CRT displays for years; but, there is some concern about health effects, the need for reduced radiation CRT's, etc.. It's just common sense to place the screen at least 18"-24" away.
5. Seeing is believing. If your CRT monitor has slipped out of focus, what you WILL believe is how much better the display looks IN focus! "Good idea. I'll adjust the focus next time I start up the system." Ahem, what you WON'T believe is how much bother is involved. On today's CRT monitors, focus is, generally, a 'set it and forget it' adjustment performed at the factory. Many monitors do not even supply an access hole, let alone a knob, to adjust focus. For instance, on the IIgs you must remove the case to get to a control molded into the HV power supply. (i.e. This is another job for which you may want some expert help.) If your monitor has been in service only a year or so, it probably needs no adjustment. Otherwise, especially if the display actually looks a tad fuzzy, a focus touch-up is in order.
Build Your Own Stereo Board!
Since "Hyperstudio 3.0" comes with its own low-noise A/D input board, the main reason for adding a IIgs 'sound board' is to obtain two-channel output. "Hey, my IIgs has a stereo cable plugged right into the Sound Output jack. Isn't THAT two-channel sound?"Nope; and, it is not "stereo" either. The jack is a standard stereo jack; but, the "Left" and "Right" outputs are connected to a single 'composite' source. Possibly, Apple originally intended to supply two-channel sound; perhaps, the idea was just to simplify connections to stereo systems (Stereo devotees get upset when you give them just one 'channel' to plug in.) Whatever, the fact remains: for multichannel output you need to add a "sound board".

Why bother? Some programs offer true stereo-effects and music are lifted from stereo sources or 'recorded' using two mikes- others deliver simulated stereo. Many products output some effects (like a bow twang) through one channel and other effects (the THUNK! of an arrow hit) through the second channel. Stereo, of course, produces spacious, '3-D sound'; but, even the 'separated channels' approach can spread out the action and add realism.


## THEs STrerag Eloard aTDKX тukbildsg. 1992

Frominputto output, the TDX design is straight-forward and simple. First, IIgs audio enters the 14052 where the "Left" and "Right" channels are separated using the C0 input to turn ON the appropriate section(output Xor Y) when its channel is valid. (This happens at supersonic speeds so that the userdoesn't notice that each channel is ON half of the time.) Then, each output goes to a pair of op amps where it's filtered and amplified.

Design objectives were low noise, low distortion, and low power consumption. From the start I expected that onboard power amp IC's would be too puny to drive our speakers to desired volume levels and maintain low distortion; so, the board includes no power amp IC's and is not intended to directly drivelow impedance loads such as speakers. Like a tuner, CD deck, or other hi-fi source, it connects to a stereo amplifier's AUX inputs (or "Tuner", "Tape", etc. inputs) or to the inputs of speaker
units with built-in amplifiers. TDX has plenty juice to drive any decent stereo system at 'blow out the windows' volume levels.
As shown in the diagram, nearly all connections between TDX and the computer, including ground, are made over the J-25 lines. Power ( +5 Volts and -5 Volts) comes from the slot into which the board is plugged. The outputs go to "RCA-type" hi-fi jacks mounted on the rear of the board for easy access via standard audio cables. When placing the jacks, be sure to allow space (between the jacks and rear of the computer) for the cable plugs or arrange for the jacks to line up with an opening.
The J-25 connection is via a 7-pin mini-molex ribbon cable. It can go to J25 (located near the memory expansion slot); or, if J- 25 is being used by the Hyperstudio A/D input board, it plugs in there. (On both J-25 and its extension on the A/D board, pin\#1 is nearest the front of the computer, pin \#2 is next, etc..) All
of the parts, including the Apple-compatible circuit board, are commonly available.

I built the TDX stereo board near the start of the IIgs era just as games like "Tower of Myraglen" were beginning to appear. It sounded great then and it sounds great today running "Dungeon Master", "Instant Music", "Jam Session", and Hyperbole MIDI-synth pieces. If your IIgs is still in mono mode, why not make ' 92 the year you 'go stereo'. Add a commercial unit or build the TDX. Either way, when you spread out the sound you open up the fun!

## Magic Candle II Support

Anyone who played the first "Magic Candle" will appreciate that 'working the kinks' out of Magic Candle II'/PC might take some doing. While a long awaited mouse-input version remains in development, Mindcraft is now shipping the 1.50 revision which squishes bugs related to magic scrolls, mind-
stones, and characters who disappear while on assignment. (Otherbugs which allowed walking on water and over mountains, denied access to ship travel, etc. were fixed in a series of earlier revisions.) After some experiences with having to restart play from scratch in other adventures, you can bet I asked about any similar requirement for MC2 fixes. According to Mindcraft's Dan Riddle, the game was specifically designed to allow players to retain characters and not suffer any loss in progress as upgrades occur. The 1.50 update diskette is free to game owners who request it.

## Platinum Painting Made Easy

The one 'necessary item' not includedin Beagle Bros's Platinum Paint package is a Quick Reference Card for keyboard commands. Particularly when working in full-screen mode, KB commands (e.g. to change colors, switch between Marquee and Pen tools, etc.) are great time savers. After yet another trip to the shelves (to find the manual and look up some key sequence) I decided enough was enough and put together the official Computist"Frequently Used KB Commands" card. Cut out, copy, or whatever. Slap the 'card' into a plastic cover, and enjoy!

## Next

Look for Roger Wagner's HyperStudio 3.0 and Microsoft's Visual Basic plus Nite Owl's slip-on battery. SSI's Eye of the Beholder II' is one of several games 'on-deck', along with ... more!

## Vendors

APPLIEDENGINEERING:3210Beltline, Dallas, TX 75234 atten: Nole Holmes (214-241-0055, orders: 214-241-6060)
BEAGLE BROS.: 6215 Ferris Square, Suite 100, San Diego, CA 92121 atten: Bevey Minarovich (800-3451750)

Plertioum Pbimit
FREQUENTLY USED KE CMDS $\pm=$ SHIFT

cif Fatbits cfe Polette Cispe Full Sern = Esc. Exit Text

ELECTRONIC ARTS: 1450 Fashion
Island Blvd., San Mateo, CA 94404 atten: Marci Galea \& Lisa Higgins (415-571-7171/ orders: 800-2454525)

Douglas Hecht: 14724D Perthshire Road, Houston, TX 77079 (713-5892176)

HYPERBOLE: 2402 Yoakum \#2, Houston, TX 77006 atten: Greg Roach, Ed. (Subs: phone or mail to Resource Central)
LUCASFILM GAMES: P.O. Box 10307, San Rafael, CA 94912 atten: Sue Sesserman (415-721-3334; orders: 1-800-STARWARS) dist: EA
MINDCRAFT: 2291 205th Street, Suite 201, Torrance, CA 90501 atten: Dan Riddle(213-320-5215)dist:Electronic Arts 92
NITE OWL PRODUCTIONS: 5734 Lamar Blvd., Mission, KS 662022646 atten: Bob Shofstall (913-3629898)

PRODUCT MONITOR: 7814 Santa Elena, Houston, TX 77061 atten: Jeff Hurlburt (713-645-8680)
QUALITY COMPUTERS:20200Nine Mile Road, St, ClairShores, MI48080 atten: Walker Archer (313-774-7200; orders:800-443-6697)
RESOURCE CENTRAL: P.O. Box 11250, Overland Park, KS 66207 atten: Tom Weishaar (913-469-6502)
. ROGER WAGNER:1050Pioneer Way, Suite P, El Cajon, CA 92020 atten: Garland Buckingham (619-4420522)

RUSH LEMBAUGH TALK SHOW: EIB Network, 2 Penn Plaza, 17th Floor, NY City, NY 10121 atten: Rush Lembaugh
STRATEGIC SIMULATIONS INC.: 675 Almandor Ave, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 atten: Kathleen Watson (408-737-6800) dist: Electronic Arts
ZIP TECHNOLOGY: 5601 Slauson Ave. \#264, Culver City, CA 90230 atten: PR/Mktg. (800-937-9737)
Vince Andrews $\quad$ WA
Advanced Playing Technique for...
Questron II
$?$
Questron II CDA v2.0

I have written this program for those that would like to alter their character while they play.

## Information:

12/16/91 v1.0 - I started to write this program.

12/21/91 v1.1-Fixed the search routine. It would lock up memory.

12/23/91 v1.2-Fixed the Weapons \& Armor routines. They now show the correct item you are currently equipt with.

12/30/91 v2.0 - Rewrote the search memory routines. Now itsearchesmemory 10 times quicker than before.

## Installing the CDA cheat

This can be done in two different ways. The first is by copying the file 'QUESTRON.CDA' to the folder */ SYSTEM/DESK.ACCS. Then reboot the computer. -
The second way is by using a CDA installer, such as the one I have included. Just launch 'QUESTRON.CHT' and it will install the CDA for you. (Both
files must be in the same directory or it will not work.)

## Using the CDA

Once the CDA is installed then you may launch the file 'Q2.SYS16' on the disk /Q2. After you have started to play the game, enter the Control-Panel and choose 'Questron II'. It will do a one time search so please be patient (about 10 seconds.)

You may now alter your character. Just select what you want to edit and press <Return>. Use the arrow keys to increase/decrease values. Hold OpenApple key down while you press the arrow key and it will increase/decrease by groups of 5 or 100 .

## Address where the game data is stored:

Hold the Open-Apple key down when you select the CDA cheat in the Desk Accessory Menu. It will display the address of where the game data is stored in the upper left-hand comer of the screen. I put that there for those that would like to snoop about memory.

## Questron.CDA Source

- Questron II CDA Cheat v2.0
*A classic desk accessory
- Vince C. Andrews 19 Dec 91
*Merin-16+ Assembler
- Use OA-6 to Assemble

REL
LST off ;Turn listing on/off here XC ;65C02 mode
XC ; ;65816 mode
MX \%00 ;Full gs mode
*Equates and Macros used:
SET_80COL EQU $\$ 92$
MTXT_OFF EQU $\$ 98$
MTXT_ONEQU $\$ 9 B$
PNT EQU $\$ E 0$;Also E1,2,3
KEY EQU \$EOCOOO ;Get key
STROBE EQU \$EOCO10 ;Clear Keyboard Strobe _WriteChar MAC

Tool $\$ 180 C$
<<< MAC
PHL ]1
PxW [2; ${ }^{3}$
Tool \$1EOC
<<<
_SetOutputDevice MAC
Tool $\$ 100 \mathrm{C}$
<<
InitTextDevice MAC
Tool $\$ 150 \mathrm{C}$
$\lll$
_WriteCString MAC
Tool $\$ 200 \mathrm{C}$
<<<
DO j011
PHW]1
DO 1012
PHW]2
DO 10/3
PHW] 3
DO $10 / 4$
FIN
FIN
FiN
PH
PHL MAC
IF \#=]1
PEA A11
ELSE
PHW]1+2
FIN
PHW]1
PHW
MAC
IF \#=11
PEA $]$
ELSE
IF MX/2
LDA ${ }^{11+1}$
PHA
FIN
LDA 11
PHA
FIN
Tool MAC
LDX \#11
JSL \$E10000

- Required stuff of all CDA's:
*The string is what goes on the
* Control panel listing.

BEGIN STR 'Questron II'
ADRL START ;Entry point address
ADRL EXIT ;Exit "routine" address ; (just an RTL). ;Save current data bank
PHK ;Get our bank
PLB ; and set data bank to it
PEI PNT ;Save the 4 zp locs we use
PEI PNT+2 ; and zero the bank byte
STZ PNT+2; for long addressing
pea 1 ;Pascal device type
pea 0 in slot 3
pea 3
_SetOutputDevice
pea 1 initialize standard output

InitTextDevice
PEA SET_80COL
_WriteChar
pea \$06 ,turn off cursor
WriteChar
jsr Fast_Speed
stz Screen
jsr Border
Ida Address
beq :nope
jmp Found
pea \#'WaitLine
pea \#Waitline
WriteCString
ldx \#1 ;start at bank 1
dy \$1000; address 1000
tz PNT
stx PNT+2
ny ;next byte
beq NBank
iny
beq NBank
cpy \#sbifd
beq :1
cpy \#s8fie
bne CByte
cpx \#1
bne CByte
NBank
inx
stx PNT+2
cpx \#\$10 ;quit at bank
bne NByte
pea \#NotFoundLine
pea \#NotFoundLine
_WriteCString
jsr Get1Key
stz Address
jmp QUIT
CByte
Ida [PNT],y
cmp Bytes2Scan
beq CByte1
cmp Bytes2Scan 1
bne NByte
dey
CByte1
Ida [PNT],y
cmp Bytes2Scan
bne NByte
iny
iny
Ida [PNT],y
cmp Bytes2Scan+2
bne NByte
iny
iny
Ida [PNT],y
cmp Bytes2Scan+4
bne NByte
CByte2
iny
iny
phy


## Twilight Tomb




[^0]



## *JSR Routines:

| SENDMSG | REP \%00100001 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | LDA 1,S |
|  | INC |
|  | STA 1,S |
|  | SEP \%00110000 |
|  | LDY \#0 |
|  | LDA (1,S), Y |
|  | BEQ :back |
|  | JSR OUTPUT |
|  | BRA SENDMSG |
| :back | REP \#\$30 ;back to full 16 bit |
|  | RTS |
| OUTPUT | PHA |
|  | PHX |
|  | PHY |
|  | PHP |
|  | REP \%00110000 |
|  | PHA |
|  | WriteChr |
|  | PLP |
|  | PLY |
|  | PLX |
|  | PLA |
| BACK R | RTS |
| PrFile | MX \%11 |
|  | PHP |
|  | SEP \#\$30 |
|  | LDY \#3 |
| JLUP | LDA FILENAME,Y |
|  | BEQ :nts |
|  | JSR OUTPUT ;Print filename |
|  | INY |
|  | BRA JLUP |
| :ns | PLP |
|  | RTS |


| *Storage area: |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| handle | dl | 0 |  |
| ptr | dl | 0 |  |
| ourlD | dw | 0 |  |
| FILENAME | str | 'YQUESTRON.CDA' |  |

SAV QUESTRON.CHT.L

## QUESTRON.CDA

2000:D1 11000000000000 \$39DB 2008:6C OF 000000 OA 0402 \$4EAA 2010:00 00010000100000 \$4CB7 2018:00 00000000000000 \$0C07 2020:00 00010000000000 \$6EA2 2028:2C 00400051554553 \$76EB 2030:54 52 4F 4E 2E 435155 \$EE76 2038:45 $5354524 F 4 E 2 E 43$ \$D69C 2040:F2 6C OF 00 OO OB 5175 \$D889 2048:65 737472 6F 6E 2049 \$61E8 2050:49 14000000770100 \$0A47 2058:00 8B 4B AB D4 EO D4 E2 \$B163 2060:64 E2 F4 0100 F4 0000 \$EC1C 2068:F4 03 OO A2 OC 102200 \$4E90 2070:00 E1 F4 01 OO A2 OC 15 \$B36D 2078:22 0000 E1 F4 9200 A2 \$AFA9 2080:0C 182200 OO E1 F4 06 \$A972 2088:00 A2 OC 18220000 E 1 \$239B 2090:20 AA 09 9C CA 092078 \$5507 2098:01 AD D4 09 F0 03 4C FB \$93CC 20A0:00 F4 00 00 F4 8B OC A2 $\$ \mathrm{C} 008$ 20A8:0C 20220000 E1 A2 01 \$F68A 20B0:00 AO 001064 EO 86 E 2 SF 185 20B8:C8 FO 12 C8 FO OF CO FD \$ACOC 20C0:BF FO 05 CO FE 8F DO $23 \$ 6634$ 20C8:EO 0100 DO 1E E8 86 E2 $\$ \mathrm{~B} 935$ 20DO:EO 1000 DO E3 F4 0000 \$347A 20D8:F4 B2 OC A2 OC 202200 \$6158 20E0:00 E1 20 F0 02 9C D4 09 \$2E9C 20E8:4C 6D 01 B7 EO CD 65 OF \$4A2C 20F0:FO 06 CD 66 OF DO C1 88 \$F9B9 20F8:B7 EO CD 65 OF DO B9 C8 \$52AB 2100:C8 B7 EO CD 67 OF DO BO $\$ 6 \mathrm{CA} 8$ 2108:C8 C8 B7 EO CD 69 OF DO \$9BCB 2110:A7 C8 .C8 5A DA B7 E0 48 \$BA56

2118:A9 0000 E2 3068 FA C2 SDFFD 2120:30 FA 7A C9 AF 00 DO 15 \$2901 2128:98 38 E9 OF 00 A8 B7 E0 $\$ 6 \mathrm{DDO}$ 2130:8D D4 09 C8 C8 C8 B7 E0 \$B471 2138:8D D6 098003 4C 7300 \$C676 2140:A9 00 00 E2 20 AF 61 CO \$AFEA 2148:E0 1005 C2 20202907 \$1C9C 2150:E2 20 A9 07 8D 61 OC C2 \$D76C 2158:30 F4 00 OO F4 5F OC A2 \$0C6A 2160:0C 20220000 E1 9C C8 $\$ 5012$ 2168:09 9C CA 09 A9 00 00 AE \$9E09 2170:CA 09 EO 0000 DO 03 AD $\$ C 042$ 2178:C8 09 8D CC 09 9C D2 09 \$D546 2180:20 C6 0120 D7 0120 C6 \$BBEC 2188:01 200302204602 20. \$77F2 2190:C6 $0120 \mathrm{B7} 0290 \mathrm{EF}$ AD $\$ 8706$ 2198:C6 09 C9 8D 00 F0 CD C9 ${ }^{2} 5$ FDA 21A0:00 00 FO OE AD CA 09 OA \$2BA9 21A8:AA BD 55 OC 8D CC 0918 \$23D4 21B0:80 D4 18 C 230 AB 6885 \$89DA 21B8:E2 68 85 EO 6B F4 9B 00 \$4A4B 21C0:A2 OC 18220000 E1 F4 $\$ 631 \mathrm{~B}$ 21C8:00 00 F4 D9 OC F4 0000 \$AAE9 21D0:F4 8400 A 2 OC 1E 2200 \$81FF 21D8:00 E1 F4 OO OO F4 5D OD $\$ 1360$ 21E0:F4 0000 F4 9800 A2 OC \$A816 21E8:1E 220000 E1 F4 0000 \$FF20 21F0:F4 F5 OD F4 0000 F4 4F $\$ 69 E 0$


21F8:00 A2 OC 1E 220000 E1 $\$ 8596$ 2200:F4 9800 A2 OC 182200 \$0651 2208:00 E1 60 AD CA 09 OA OA \$E164 2210:AA BD FO 0985 EO BD F2 \$F4F5 2218:09 85 E 260 C 2 30 A5 E2 $\$ 2 \mathrm{FE} 2$ 2220:48 A5 E0 18 6D D2 0948 \$525B 2228:A2 OC 20220000 E1 E2 \$31B8 2230:30 AC D2 09 B1 E0 F0 03 \$7624 2238:C8 80 F9 C8 B1 E0. F0 05 \$C97A 2240:8C D2 0980 D7 C2 3060 \$B606 2248:AD CC 09 AA AO 00 OO E2 \$FEOC 2250:30 EO OO FO OB B1 EO FO \$3A2B 2258:03 C8 80 F9 C8 CA 80 EF \$D54C 2260:C2 30 8C D2 09 F4 OF 00 \$35BD 2268:A2 OC 18220000 E1 A5 \$7DA5 2270:E2 48 A5 E0 18 6D D2 09 \$F1CA 2278:48 A2 OC 20220000 E 1 \$270F 2280:F4 OE OO A2 OC $182200 \$ 0423$ 2288:00 E1 60 AD D4 0985 E0 $\$ 3334$ 2290:AD D6 0985 E2 AD CA 09 \$2AOB 2298:C9 0200 F0 06 C9 0300 \$438E 22AO:FO 2760 E2 20 AO OC 00 \$A6F6 22A8:B7 E0 C9 FF D0 04 A9 00 \$BE72 22B0:80 01 1A 186904 8D AC $\$ 86 \mathrm{C} 2$ 22B8:02 C2 20 F4 0000 F4 AA $\$ 2 \mathrm{~B} 60$ 22C0:02 A2 OC 20220000 E 1 \$E805 22C8:60 E2 20 AO OD 00 B7 E0 \$4BE6

22D0:C9 FF D0 04 A9 008001 \$EF75 22D8:1A 186905 8D AC 02 C2 \$842E 22E0:20 F4 00 00 F4 AA 02 A2 \$E996 22E8:OC 20220000 E 160 1E \$F539 22F0:4A $25 \quad 526561646965$ \$22FD 22F8: 6400000020 FO 02 AD \$A821 2300:C6 09 C9 8A 00 FO 49 C9 \$F97E 2308:8B 00 F0 5E C9 8D 00 F0 \$C3DD 2310:73 C9 9B 00 DO E6 1820 \$B8C2 2318:2A 02 38 6048 E2 20 B8 $\$ 9512$ 2320:9C B5 02 AF 61 CO EO 10 \$A8B6 2328:08 A9 60 8D B5 02 2C B5 \$3D90 2330:02 C2 3068 60 E2 20 AF \$8B77 2338:00 CO EO 10 F8 8F 10 CO \$82A6 2340:EO C2 20 C9 EO 009003 \$44FA 2348:29 DF 00 8D C6 091860 \$FEE6 2350:20 2A 02 AD CA 09 OA AA $\$ 1926$ 2358:AD CC 09 DD 55 OC FO 05 \$178B 2360:EE CC 091860 9C CC $09 \quad \$ 6922$ 2368:18 6020 2A 02 AD CC 09 \$B8CF 2370:DO OD AD CA 09 OA AA BD $\$ 3723$ 2378:55 OC 8D CC 098003 CE $\$ 9022$ 2380:CC 091860 AD CA 09 OA \$B9C4 2388:AA AD CC 09 DD 55 OC DO \$C3D1 2390:12 AD CA 09 DO 05 9C C6 \$3E94 2398:09 80 03 20 7E 09 9C CA \$63B5 23A0:09.38 60.AD CA 09 FO 09 \$8BE4 23A8:AD CA 09 3A OA AA 7C E8 \$7605 23B8:AC CA 09 FO 04 OA 88 DO $\$ 94 \mathrm{CC}$ 23C0:FA AA 7C D8 09 F4 0000 \$33DE 23C8:F4 9803 A2 OC 202200 \$C3C2 23DO:00 E1 A0 00 00 A2 OF 27 \$8419 23D8:20 90071860 1E 4A 25 \$0165 23E0:20 $20 \quad 68 \quad 70$ 3A 202020 \$8CDD 23E8:20 20 1E 502500 F4 00 \$53CA 23F0:00 F4 C1 03 A2 OC 2022 \$915F 23F8:00 00 E1 AO 0400 A 2 FF \$73C7 2400:7F $2090 \quad 071860$ 1E 4A $\$ 323 A$ 2408:26 $20 \quad 20 \quad 67 \quad 70$ 3A $20 \quad 20$ \$B2F4 2410:20 2020 1E 50260020 \$5C48 2418:7E 09 A9 0100 8D CA 09 \$2C89 2420:9C CC 093860207 E 09 \$2644 2428:A9 0200 8D CA 09 9C CC \$B5F6 2430:09 386020 7E 09 A9 03 \$626D 2438:00 8D CA 09 9C CC 0938 \$73D4 2440:60 20 7E 09 A9 0400 8D \$F02F 2448:CA.09 9C CC 093860 AD $\$ 9744$ 2450:D4 0985 EO AD D6 0985 \$B1BA 2458:E2 80 3E 20 FO 02 C9 8A \$A31D 2460:00 FO 1C C9 8B 00 FO $31 \$ 4050$ 2468:C9 8D 00 DO EE F4 0000 \$6EE7 2470:F4 7E 04 A2 OC 202200 \$DF5B 2478:00 E1 20 C6 011860 E2 \$F22E 2480:20 A9 00 AO 450097 EO \$349A

2488:C2 20 F4 OO OO F4 7604 \$1C78 2490:A2 OC 20220000 E1 80 \$FD5A 2498:C2 E2 20 A9 01 AO 4500 \$D167 24AO:97 EO C2 20 F4 00 00 F4 \$6DEE 24A8:6E 04 A2 OC 20220000 \$6F05 24B0:E1 80 A8 1E 4C 2B 5965 \$4D77 24B8:73 0000 1E 4C 2B 4E 6F $\$ 6 \mathrm{D} 5 \mathrm{~F}$ 24C0:20 0000 1E 4C 2B 2020 \$906F 24C8:20 00 A9 1100208809 \$EE1E 24DO:F4 OO OO F4 44 OE F4 00 \$4OB3 24D8:00 F4 21 O1 A2 OC 1E 22 \$C3BD 24E0:00 00 E1 20 F0 02 A9 11 \$C66C 24E8:00 208809 A9 8D 00 8D \$4B57 24F0:C6 093860 AD CC 09 OA \$8F8E 24F8:AA 7C B7 04 C3 04 EB 04 \$FDB7 2500:13 05 3B 056305 8B 05 \$B577 2508:F4 00 00 F4 DB 04 A2 OC \$C3B6 2510:20 220000 E1 AO $0700 \$ 9605$ 2518:A2 C8 OO 2016081860 \$3C85 2520:1E 4C $2543 \quad 68 \quad 72$ 3A $20 \quad \$ 8148$ 2528:20 202020 1E 502500 \$2AFD 2530:F4 00 OO F4 0305 A2 OC $\$ 75 \mathrm{FE}$ 2538:20 220000 E1 AO 0800 \$D9C2 2540:A2 C8 002016081860 \$C372 2548:1E 4C 26537472 3A 20 \$7B60 2550:20 202020 1E 502600 \$F756 2558:F4 00 OO F4 2B 05 A2 OC \$BC05 2560:20 220000 E1 AO 0900 \$42C8 2568:A2 C8 002016081860 \$28D8 2570:1E 4C 274167 6C 3A 20 \$3DBC 2578:20 202020 1E 502700 \$534B 2580:F4 00 00 F4 53 05 A2 OC \$D468 2588:20 220000 E1 AO OA 00 \$2D36 2590:A2 C8 002016081860 \$77C6 2598:1E 4C 28537461 3A $20 \$ 7555$ 25AO:20 202020 1E 502800 \$027D 25A8:F4 0000 F4 7B 05 A2 OC \$D19E 25B0:20 220000 E 1 AO 0 B 00 \$3AA1 25B8:A2 C8 002016081860 \$5061 25C0:1E 4C 2949 6E 74 3A $20 \$ 4676$ 25C8:20 202020 1E 502900 \$43AF 25D0:9C CA 093860 AD D4 09 \$CD07 25D8:85 E0 AD D6 0985 E2 AD \$CCC1 25E0:CA 09 OA AA AD CC 09 DD \$2AAO 25E8:55 OC FO 4D E2 20 AO OC \$D84F 25F0:00 B7 E0 C9 FF D0 04 A9 \$BC4F 25F8:00 8001 1A 186904 8D \$BA07 2600:FB 05 C2 20 F4 0000 F4 \$F1FE 2608:F9 05 A2 OC 20220000 \$D9E6 2610:E1 E2 30 AD CC 09 DO 04 \$EF54 2618:A9 FF 8001 3A AO OC 97 \$7F9F 2620:EO AD CC 09 FO OC $18 \quad 69 \$ 8819$ 2628:18 3A A8 B7 E0 DO 03 1A \$FEA5 2630:97 E0 C2 3020 C6 0118 \$F66C 2638:60 9C CA 093860 1E 4A \$9B9F 2640:25 20202020202020 \$C9FE 2648:00 AD D4 09 85 E0 AD D6 \$A721 2650:09 85 E2 AD CA 09 OA AA \$65A5 2658:AD CC 09 DD 55 OC FO 4D \$63DC 2660:E2 20 AO OD 00 B7 EO C9 \$9F6B 2668:FF DO 04 A9 008001 1A \$67E6 2670:18 6905 8D 6F 06 C2 20 \$DDD7 2678:F4 00 00 F4 6D 06 A2 OC \$A4CB 2680:20 220000 E E2 30 AD \$11AC 2688:CC 09 DO 04 A9 FF 8001 \$CAD4 2690:3A AO OD 97 EO AD CC 09 \$B206 2698:FO OC 186927 3A A8 B7 \$E733 26AO:EO DO 03 1A 97 EO C2 30 \$E442 26A8:20 C6 011860 9C CA 09 \$76AO 26B0:38 60 1E 4A 25202020 \$1D7A 26B8:20 20202000 AD CC 09 \$EF7E 26C0:0A AA 7C 8006 8A 06 B4 $\$ 38 \mathrm{~B} 2$ 26C8:06 DB 060207 8B 05 F4 \$ADOF 26D0:00 00 F4 A2 06 A2 OC 20 \$EC1F 26D8:22 00 OO E1 A0 1300 A2 \$E7E9 26E0:C8 002016081860 1E \$4F7D 26E8:4A 25202020 4D 4D 3A $\$ 4861$ 26FO:20 20202020 1E 4F 25 \$DCBF 26F8:00 F4 00 00 F4 CC 06 A2 \$33AC 2700:0C 20220000 E1 AO 14 \$E5E6 2708:00 A2 C8 0020160818 \$556C 2710:60 1E 4C 264642 3A 20 \$AB67 2718:20 202020 1E 502600 \$A7E1 2720:F4 00 00 F4 F3 06 A2 OC \$7D65 2728:20 2200 OO E1 AO 1500 \$E534 2730:A2 C8 OO $201608 \quad 18 \quad 60$ \$3F64

2738:1E 4C 275357 3A 2020 \$31AO 2740:20 2020 1E 502700 F4 \$FEB4 2748:00 00 F4 1A 07 A2 OC 20 \$FFBD 2750:22 00 OO E1 AO 1600 A2 $\$ 1163$ 2758:C8 002016081860 1E \$59D7 2760:4C 285453 3A 202020 \$EB3A 2768:20 20 1E 50280008 5A \$AEF9 2770:DA F4 0000 F4 4907 A2 $\$ 0 \mathrm{BC} 3$ 2778:0C 20220000 E1 FA 7A \$2AD4 2780:AD D6 09205607 AD D4 $\$ 0881$ 2788:09 2056072860 1E 21 \$72CF 2790:21 $4164 \quad 64 \quad 72657373$ \$5128 2798:3A 2000 DA 5A 48 E2 30 \$1A97 27AO:7A FA 206507 C 230 7A $\$ 8 \mathrm{~B} 4 \mathrm{D}$ 27A8:FA 60 8A 20 6A 079848 \$7B8E 27B0:4A 4A 4A 4A 20750768 \$81B3 27B8:29 OF 09 BO C9 BA 9002 \$BCBF 27C0:69 0648 DA 5A 08 C2 30 \$2A4A 27C8:48 A2 OC 18220000 E1 \$34A3 27DO:28 7A FA 6860 AD D4 09 \$AB5C 27D8:85 E0 AD D6 0985 E 2 E 2 \$85CD 27E0:20 AD CC 09186905 8D \$93DC 27E8:FB 07 8D 0508 8D 0908 \$7596 27F0:C2 30 DA 5A F4 0000 F4 $\$ 95 \mathrm{F7}$ 27F8:F9 07 A2 OC 20220000 \$FD6E 2800:E1 7A FA B7 EO 182023 \$902A 2808:09 20 F0 02 AD C6 09 C9 \$2F99 2810:8A 00 FO 25 C9 8B 00 FO \$22C5 2818:1B C9.8D 00 DO EB DA 5A \$AC4F 2820:F4 00 00 F4 0708 A2 OC \$0CEO 2828:20 220000 E1 7A FA 20 \$A507 2830:C6 01186020 A6 0880 \$072A 2838:B9 20 E4 0880 B4 1E 50 \$023F 2840:25 20202020202020 \$80DE 2848:1E 502500 1E 4C $25 \quad 20$ \$A414 2850:20 20202020202020 \$64D4 2858:20 2000 AD D4 0985 E0 \$A251 2860:AD D6 $0985 \mathrm{E} 2 \mathrm{E} 220 \mathrm{AD} \$ 53 \mathrm{FF}$ 2868:CC 09186905 8D 8B 08 \$89DB 2870:8D 9508 8D 9908 C2 20 \$E22F 2878:DA 5A F4. 0000 F4 8908 \$6B89 2880:A2 OC 20220000 E1 7A $\$ 4006$ 2888:B7 E0 48 A9 00 00 E2 $30 \$ 3739$ 2890:68 FA C2 3018 FA 2023 \$9546 2898:09 20 F0 02 AD C6 09 C9 \$3AB5 28A0:8A 00 FO 25 C9 8B 00 FO \$27A9 28A8:1B C9 8D 00 DO EB DA 5A \$B963 28B0:F4 00 00 F4 9708 A2 OC \$E1CC 28B8:20 220000 E1 7A FA 20 \$D86B 28C0:C6 $01186020 \mathrm{C3} 0880$ \$7FFE 28C8:AF 20010980 AA 1E 50 \$1CA1 28DO:25 20202020202020 \$7E20 28D8:1E 502500 1E 4C 2520 \$3A8A 28E0:20 20202020202020 \$9A2A 28E8:20 200020 D7 02 8E 21 \$878C 28F0:09 B7 E0 50 05 B8 $18 \quad 69 \$ 9569$ 28F8:63 00 1A CD 21099005 \$70C5 2900:FO 03 AD 210997 EO 60 \$A917 2908:20 D7 02 8E 2109 B7 E0 \$AFC3 2910:50 05 B8 18690400 1A $\$ 4455$ 2918:E2 20 CD 21099005 FO \$DOA4 2920:03 AD 210997 EO C2 20 \$65F7 2928:60 20 D7 02 8E 2109 B7 \$D159 2930:EO 50 05 B8 38 E9 6300 \$3739 2938:3A CD 21099005 FO 03 \$129D 2940:A9 000097 E0 6020 D7 \$F2B8 2948:02 8E 2109 B7 EO 5005 \$AE19 2950:B8 38 E9 0400 3A E2 20 \$FDD9 2958:CD 21099004 FO 02 A9 \$0A41 2960:00 97 EO C2 20600000 \$396D 2968:DA 5A 08 AA EB E2 30 8D \$DEF7 2970:7B 09 8E 7A 09 A9 0090 \$06EC 2978:02 A9 A0 8D 7D 09 A2 08 \$F949 2980:8E 7C 09 AO AF C2 20 AD \$1E64 2988:7A 09 38 C8 8D 7A 09 FD $\$ 2345$ 2990:70 09 BO F7 E2 3098 CA \$3221 2998:30 11 C9 BO FO 03 8D 7C \$584A 29A0:09 2C 7C $093005 \mathrm{AD} 7 \mathrm{D} \$ 4376$ 29A8:09 100320 7D 07 CA 10 \$F692 29B0:D2 28 7A FA 600100 OA \$A7E2 29B8:00 6400 E 803102700 \$7FB6 29C0:00 0000 AD CA 09 OA AA \$09D1 29C8:BD 55 OC 1A 1A AA 1869 \$FE18 29D0:23 00 E2 20 8D 61 OC C2 $\$ 3171$ 29D8:20 DA F4 0000 F4 5F OC $\$ 6623$ 29E0:A2 OC 20220000 E1 CE $\$ 6956$

29E8:61 OC FA CA DO EB 6008 \$93FD 29F0:E2 30 A9 01 6A 6A 2980 \$3EE0 29F8:8D DO 09 AF 36 CO EO 29 \$1B7B 2A00:7F OD DO 09 8F 36 CO EO \$BBE8 2A08:18 $28 \quad 600000000000$ \$37DC 2A10:00 00000000000000 \$879C 2A18:00 000000008003 A9 \$994B 2A20:03 D2 03 E0 $03 \mathrm{EE} 03 \mathrm{FC} \$ 558 \mathrm{~F}$ 2A28:03 OA 048504 AF 0490 SEA88 2A30:05 0406780608 OA 00 \$ED97 2A38:00 9C OA OO OO E4 OA $00 \$ 6993$ 2A40:00 9B OB 0000 OF OC 00 \$FCB6 2A48:00 55 OC 0000 1E 3725 \$A3A4 2A50:43 $68 \quad 616 \mathrm{E} \quad 6765 \quad 20 \quad 48$ \$744E 2A58:69 $74 \quad 20506 F 696 E 74$ \$2942 2A60:73 00 1E 3726436861 \$OBE5 2A68:6E 67652047 6F 6 C 64 \$9DDF 2A70:00 1E $37 \quad 2741$ 6C $74 \quad 65$ \$B8D9 2A78:72 20537461747300 \$49A8 2A80:1E $\begin{array}{lllllll}37 & 28 & 43 & 68 & 61 & 6 E & 67 \\ \$ F 97 B\end{array}$ 2A88:65 $20576561706 F 6 E$ \$4C3E 2A90:00 1E 37294368616 E \$7991 2A98:67 $65 \quad 204172$ 6D 6F 72 \$1DDA 2AAO:00 1E 37 2A 4368616 E \$4FA8 2AA8: $67 \quad 65 \quad 2053 \quad 70 \quad 65 \quad 6 \mathrm{C} 6 \mathrm{C}$ \$559E 2ABO:73 00 1E 37 2B 54 6F 67 \$97ED 2AB8:67 6C $65 \quad 20 \quad 52 \quad 6 \mathrm{~F} 70 \quad 65 \quad \$ 6978$ 2ACO:20 $26 \quad 2048$ 6F 6 6F 6 6B $73 \quad \$ 4 F 49$


2AC8:00 1E 37 2C 41626 F 75 \$66EE 2C80:65 7300 1E 37285469 \$C155 2ADO:74 20496 E 666 F 00 1E \$38A6 2AD8:37 2D 517569740000 \$D50B 2AEO:00 1E 372543686172 \$6044 2AE8: 6973 6D 6100 1E 3726 \$EFC8 2AFO:53 747265 6E 677468 \$C286 2AF8:00 1E 3727416769 6C \$C7DA 2B00:69 747900 1E 372853 \$54DO 2B08:74 61 6D 69 6E 6100 1E $\$ 5692$ 2B10:37 $29 \quad 49 \quad 6 \mathrm{E} \quad 74 \quad 65 \quad 6 \mathrm{C} \quad 6 \mathrm{C}$ \$A1A1 2B18:69 67656 E 6365001 E \$0C11 2B20:37 2A 517569740000 \$FODD 2B28:00 1E $37 \quad 24$ 4E 6F 6 E 65 \$25C6 2B30:00 1E $\begin{array}{llllll}77 & 25 & 44 & 61 & 67 & 67\end{array} \$ 189 \mathrm{E}$ 2B38:65 7200 1E 37264861 \$767F 2B40:6D 6D 65727300 1E 37 \$B25E 2B48:27 $48 \quad 617463686574$ \$96BA 2B50:73 00 1E $37285374 \quad 61$ \$9911 2B58:66 667300 1E 372943 \$5AC0 2B60:75 6467 6C 657300 1E \$ACDB 2B68:37 2A 526170696572 \$7C8F 2B70:73 00 1E 37 2B 417865 \$9C1A 2B78:73 00 1E 37 2C $46 \quad 61 \quad 75$ \$F89E 2B80:63 686172647300 1E \$D023 2B88:37 2D 536162726573 \$E240 2B90:00 1E 37 2E 57656967 \$6EF8 2B98:68 $74 \quad 656420537065$ \$4EC4

2BAO: 61727300 1E 37 2F 50 \$D271 2BA8:69 6B 657300 1E $37 \quad 30$ \$1D1F 2BBO:53 68 6F 7274626 F 77 \$E7AD 2BB8:73 00 1E 373142726 F \$8878 2BC0:61 647377 6F 726473 \$A22E 2BC8:00 1E $37 \quad 3243 \quad 72 \quad 6 \mathrm{~F} 73$ \$3659 2BDO:73 626 F 777300 1E 37 \$5805 2BD8:33 $5175 \quad 69740000 \quad 00$ \$F713 2BEO:1E 3725 4E 6F 6E 6500 \$C423 2BE8:1E $372652617768 \quad 69$ \$D34D 2BF0: $64 \quad 65001 \mathrm{E} 37275374$ \$37C7 2BF8:75 64646564204 C 65 \$BF7C 2C00:61 $74 \quad 68 \quad 65 \quad 7200$ 1E 37 \$3380 2C08:28 5269 6E 67204 D 61 \$552F 2 Č̉ $10: 696 \mathrm{C} 00$ 1E $372942 \quad 61 \quad \$ 6132$ 2C18:72 20 4D 61696 C 00 1E \$4BA7 2C20:37 2A 43686169 6E 20 \$FD8D 2C28:4D 6169 6C 00 1E 37 2B $\$ 26 B C$ 2C30:50 6C 61746520 4D 61 \$C715 2C38:69 6C 00 1E 37 2C 5269 \$6634 2C40:62 626564204 D 6169 \$0D97 2C48:6C 00 1E 37 2D 517569 \$6DE8 2C50:74 000000 1E 3725 4D \$ECE6 2C58:61 67696320 4D 6973 \$BCCA 2C60:73 69 6C 657300 1E 37 \$E2DB 2C68:26 466972656261 6C \$617F 2C70:6C 7300 1E 372753 6F \$FA23 2C78:6E 696320576869 6E $\$ 78 \mathrm{E} 5$ 2C88:6D 65205361707300 \$863F 2C90:1E 37295175697400 \$363C 2C98:00 0008000500 OF 00 \$A96E 2CAO:08 0004001 E 352020 SF9F2 2CA8:20 20202020202020 \$A952 2CBO:20 20202020202020 SF9F2 2CB8:20 20202020202020 \$A952 2cco:20 20202020202020 \$F9F2 2CC8:20 20202020 OE 1800 \$5D31 2CDO:1E $37275363616 E 6 E \$ E 848$ 2CD8:69 6E 67 20 6D 65 6D 6F \$4D4A 2CEO:72 $79 \quad 2066$ 6F $72 \quad 2074$ \$OC21 2CE8:68 652067616 D 6520 \$FF3A 2CFO:64 617461 OE $18001 \mathrm{E} \$ 764 \mathrm{~F}$ 2CF8:37 $2720 \quad 2051756573$ \$42D6 2D00:74 72 6F 6 E 20494920 §BOBO 2D08:69 73 20 6E 6F 742069 \$71EA 2D10:6E 204 D 454 D 4 F 5259 \$6C33 2D18:20 2020 OE 1800 1E 35 \$38FC 2D20:20 5F 5F 5F 5F 5F 5F 5F \$B75D 2D28:5F 5F 5F 5F 5F 5F 5F 5F \$87FD 2D $30: 5 \mathrm{~F} 5 \mathrm{~F} 5 \mathrm{~F} 5 \mathrm{~F}$ 5F $5 \mathrm{~F} \quad 5 \mathrm{~F} 5 \mathrm{~F}$ \$B75D 2D38:5F $5 \mathrm{FF} 5 \mathrm{~F} \quad 5 \mathrm{~F} 5 \mathrm{~F}$ 5F 5 FF 5 F \$87FD 2D40:5F 5F 5F 5F 5F 5F 5F 1E \$F67D 2D48:34 21 OF 5A OE 20 OF 41 \$212A 2D50:OE 20517565737472 \$D222

2D58:6F 6E 204949204344 \$A79C 2D60:41 20436865617420 \$A94D 2D68:76 32 2E 3020 OF 2020 \$B88B 2D70:20 $20202020205 F 1 E \$ C 71 B$ 2D78:34 22 5A 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C $\$ 606 \mathrm{~A}$ 2D80:4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C $\$$ F03A 2D88:4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C $\$ 606 \mathrm{~A}$ 2D90:4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C $\$$ F03A 2D98:4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C $\$ 606 \mathrm{~A}$ 2DAO:4C 5 F 1E $34 \quad 23$ 5A 1 E 5B $\$ 717 \mathrm{C}$ 2DA8:23 5F 1E 3424 5A 1 E 5 BB \$00C6 2DB0:24 5F 1E 3425 5A 1E 5B \$5A08 2DB8:25 5F 1E 3426 5A 1E 5B SBDFA 2DC0:26 5F 1E 3427 5A 1E 5B $\$ 33 F C$
 2DDO:28 5F 1E 3429 5A 1E 5B $\$ 9 C 88$ 2DD8:29 5F 1E 34 2A 5A 1E 5B $\$ 034 A$ 2DE0:2A 5 F 1E 34 2B 5A 1 E 5B $\$ 757 \mathrm{C}$ 2DE8:2B 5F 1E 34 2C 5A 1E 5B \$54E6 2DF0:2C 5F 1E 342 D 5 A 1E 5B $\$ 5 \mathrm{E} 08$ 2DF8:2D 5F 1E 34 2E 5A 1E 5B SE9DA 2E00:2E 5F 1E 34 2F 5A 1E 5B \$37FC 2E08:2F 5 F 1E 34 30 5A 1E 5B $\$ \mathrm{SC} 216$ 2E10:30 5F 1E 3431 5A 1E 5B $\$ 9088$ 2E18:31 5F 1E $34 \quad 32$ 5A 1E 5B $\$$ FFF2A 2E20:32 5F 1E 34 33 5A 1E 5B $\$ 797 \mathrm{C}$ 2E28:33 5F 1E 34 34 5A 1E 5B \$A886 2E30:34 5F 1E 34 35 5A 1E 5B $\$ 5208$ 2E38:35 5F 1E 34 36 5A OE $20 \$ 4697$ 2E40:53 65 6C 6563 74 3A 20 \$9D4D 2E48:OF 4A OE 20 OF 4B OE 1E SE688 2E50:52 364 F 70656 E 3A $20 \$ 9954$ 2E58:OF 4D OE 20 20 OF 5F 1E \$5AD6 2E60:35 37 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C $\$ 4798$ 2E68:4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C $\$ 6768$ 2E70:4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C $\$ 4718$ 2E78:4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C $\$ 6768$ 2E80:4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C 4C $\$ 4718$ 2E88:0E 1E 3C 2457726974 \$BFF2 2E90:74 65 6E 2062792056 \$65F1 2E98:69 6E $636520416 E 64$ \$290C 2EA0:72 657773 1E 3A $264 D$ \$D62B 2EA8:65 6D $62 \quad 65 \quad 72 \quad 206 \mathrm{~F} \quad 66$ \$E7AA 2EBO:20 43 6F 6D 70757469 \$BC14 2EB8:73 $74204 \mathrm{D} \quad 6167617 \mathrm{~A}$ \$714D 2ECO:69 6E 65 1E 3727504 F \$OE8E 2EC8:20 42 6F $78 \quad 20323432$ \$7BD8 2EDO:2C 20 4B $61706 F 7773$ \$DCA8 2ED8:69 6E $20 \begin{array}{llllll}57 & 41 & 20 & 39 & 38\end{array} \$ 2591$ 2EEO:33 34342 D 30323432 \$4F68 2EE8:1E 36 2A 3132 2F 3136 SFC52 2EFO:2F 39312076312 E 30 \$093C 2EF8:20 2D $20 \begin{array}{llllll}53 & 74 & 61 & 72 & 74\end{array}$ \$B1F7 2F00:65 64207468697320 \$A973 2F08:70 72 6F 677261 6D 1E $\$ 4 \mathrm{DEE}$ 2F10:36 2C 3132 2F 3231 2F \$B056 2F18:39 312076312 E 3120 \$A9B5 2F20:2D $2046 \quad 6978656420$ \$E282 2F28:74 68652073656172 \$985A 2F30:63 6820627567 1E 36 \$4937 2F38:2E $3132 \quad 2 F \quad 32332 F 39$ \$AD98 2F40:31' 2076312 E 3220 2D \$C5CC 2F48:20 $46 \quad 697865642074$ \$8DDB 2F50:68 $6520576561706 F$ \$6BA4 2F58:6E 732026 1E 46 2F 41 \$C8B8 2F60:72 6D 6F $72 \quad 20726 F 75 \$ 0392$ 2F68:74 69 6E 6573 1E $3631 \$ 7568$ 2F70:31 32 2F $33 \quad 302 F 3931 \$ 6566$ 2F78:20 76 32 $2 \mathrm{E} 30202 \mathrm{2D} 20$ \$F6C9 2F80:52 6577726 F 746520 \$9EFD 2F88:74 68652073656172 \$A415 2F90:63 68 1E $46 \quad 32726 F 75$ \$2581 2F98:74 69 6E 6573202028 \$F5F2 2FAO:66 61737465722129 \$E908 2FA8:OE 1868 FA 85 F4 86 F6 \$AB8F 2FBO:00 F7 090100000011 SE88B 2FB8:4C 4F 52 55 5A 6094 9E $\$ 3255$ 2FC0:A1 A4 A9 AE B6 BF C8 EC $\$ \mathrm{D} 8 \mathrm{E} 7$ 2FC8:F4 F9 1C $0910182225 \$ 9805$ 2FDO:2B $33 \quad 36393 C 3 F 4245 \$ 912 C$ 2FD8:48 4B 4E $53 \quad 6065 \quad 6886 \$ 8393$ 2FEO:99 AC C7 CD D2 EO ED FC \$DA4A 2FE8:OF 04 1E 31474 C 5172 \$88DC 2FF0:7A 98 A0 B8 BB D3 DC E7 \$40D1 2FF8:EA 2807 OC OF 1417 1C $\$$ SB25E 3000:21 26 29 2E $33 \quad 36$ 3B 40 \$

3008:45 48 4D 5257 5A 5F 64 \$DAC3 3010:6A 6D 7074 7E 8494 AD $\$ 6 \mathrm{E} 35$ 3018:BD D3 D9 DC E1 E7 EA EF \$1831 3020:F5 F8 FD 190306 OB $10 \$ 7550$ 3028:17 2C 364963898 F 9 F \$2646 3030: A5 AB B0 B5 B7 B9 BB BD \$A0AC 3038: BF C1 C7 D7 EF FF 1117 \$1F15 3040:27 3F 4F $67 \quad 77$ 8C $91 \quad 96$ \$187C 3048:9B AO A3 BB C3 CF DD FO \$ODOA 3050:F5 1705 OA OF 1417 2F \$85AD 3058:37 $435164 \quad 69797 \mathrm{E} 80$ \$8BF5 3060:82 848688 8E 9E B8 C8 $\$ 6662$ 3068:DF EF 17061630 3C 3F \$B9A9 3070:42 45 5E 67709196 9D \$22D2 3078:A3 A6 A9 B3 C2 C5 C8 DF \$F9DF 3080:EB FO F5 18 17 1C $23 \quad 29$ \$3D47 3088:2C 2F $395255 \quad 58$ 6F 7B $\$ 5 \mathrm{ED9}$ 3090:80 85 A7 AA B7 BE C4 C7 \$7E92 3098:D6 DD E5 E8 F5 200205 \$764E 30AO:14 2B 2E 37 3C 4348 4B \$FD32 30A8:5A 5D. $62 \quad 67$ 7F $849099 \quad \$ 2910$ 30B0:A3 B4 BD D8 DA DC DE EO \$765E 30B8:E2 E4 E6 E8 EA EC EE F5 \$439C 30C0:03 00 04 OA 55 OC F5 03 \$E3B7 30C8:00 OO OA OF OC F5 0300 \$51ED 30D0:FC 09 9B OB F5 0300 F8 \$4153 30D8:09 E4 OA F5 0300 F4 09 \$67CD 30E0:9C OA F5 0300 FO 0908 \$68E1 30E8:OA F5 O1 FO 9609 5F OC $\$ 9153$ 30F0:F5 O1 FO 6C 089708 F5 $\$ 7619$ 30F8:01 FO 36088908 F5 01 \$D8A6 3100:FO DC 070708 F5 01 F0 \$71C5 3108: BO 07/F9 07 F5 01 FO 2D \$CFEF 3110:07 4907 F5 01 FO 0307 \$E51C 3118:1A 07 F5 01 FO DC 06 F3 \$40CD 3120:06 F5 01 F0 B5 06 CC 06 \$CABD 3128:F5 01 F0 8B 06 A2 06 F5 \$6BD6 3130:01 F0 3406 6D 06 F5 01 \$C81B 3138:FO CO 05 F9 05 F5 01 FO \$D8E2 3140:64 05 7B 05 F5 01 FO 3C \$DE16 3148:05 53 05 F5 01 FO 1405 \$839C 3150:2B 05 F5 01 FO EC 0403 \$6B4F 3158:05 F5 01 F0 C4 04 DB 04 \$3F18 3160:F5 01 FO 8C 0444 OE F5 \$E46B 3168:01 FO 6004 6E 04 F5 01 \$CABF 3170:F0 $4604 \quad 7604$ F5 01 FO SAB86 3178:29 04 7E 04 F5 01 FO AA \$49D3 3180:03 C1 03 F5 01 FO 8103 \$C220 3188:98 03 F5 01 FO 9D 02 AA \$9019 3190:02 F5 01 FO 7702 AA 02 \$A64F 3198:F5 01 FO A9 01 F5 OD F5 \$BC52 31A0:01 FO 9601 5D OD F5 01 \$0839 31A8:F0 8301 D9 OC F5 01 FO $\$ 1782$ 31B0:15 01 5F OC F5 01 FO 91 \$9B6B 31B8:00 B2 OC F5 O1 FO 5D 00 \$F024 31C0:8B OC F5 0300100077 \$5DFC 31C8:01 F5 0300 OC 001400 \$3386 31D0:00
\$EOB3

## QUESTRON.CHT

2000:37 02000000000000 \$6BAO 2008:C7 0100 00 00 OA 0402 \$79C7 2010:00 00010000100000 \$4BCA 2018:00 00000000000000 \$3B6A 2020:00 00010000000000 \$69DF 2028:2C 00400051554553 \$4186 2030:54 52 4F 4E 2E 435155 \$E90B 2038:45 53 5452 4F 4E 2E 43 \$E1F1 2040:F2 C7 010000821700 \$4657 2048:56 69 6E 636520416 E \$62E1 2050:64 72657773203135 \$69BO 2058:20 4A 61 6E 203932 4B \$3612 2060:AB C2 30 F4 0100 F4 00 \$25A1 2068:00 F4 03 OO A2 OC 1022 \$F98B 2070:00 00 E1 F4 01 00 A2 OC \$5E1D 2078:15 220000 E1 F4 0600 \$F38C 2080:A2 OC 18220000 E1 F4 \$8AEC 2088:00 00 F4 00 00 F4 0000 \$200A 2090:F4 0000 F4 000048 A9 \$D304 2098:00 5048 A2 03202200 \$ODDE 20AO:00 E1 F4 OO OO F4 B8 01 \$6BF2 20A8:F4 0000 A2 11092200 \$13A6 20BO:00 E1 900382 DB 0068 \$1DFE 20B8:8D B6 0168 8D B2 0168 \$75E8 20C0:8D B4 016868 F4 0000 \$FD40 20C8:F4 0000 AD B4 0148 AD \$C06A

20D0:B2 0148 A2 02 1A 2200 \$D63 20D8:00 E1 68 8D AE 0168 8D \$5DCE 20E0:B0 01 AD B0 01 OD B2 $01 \$ 6166$ 20E8:DO 2A 207201 C9 CC CC $\$ 0437$ 20F0:C5 C7 C1 CC AO C8 C1 CE $\$ 05 \mathrm{FE}$ 20F8:C4 CC C5 A1 AO C4 C1 AO \$COEA 2100:EE EF F4 AO E9 EE F3 F4 \$138C 2108:E1 EC EC E5 E4 AE 8A 8D \$CAE2 2110:00 823900 AD BO 0148 \$7856 2118:AD AE 0148 A2 05 OF 22 \$8F7F 2120:00 00 E1 207201 8A 8D \$D96C 2128:D9 EF F5 AO ED E1 F9 AO \$418 2130:EE EF F7 AO EC E1 F'5 EE $\$ 3 \mathrm{BC} 1$ 2138:E3 E8 A0 F4 E8 E5 AO D1 \$3EB6 2140:B2 AE D3 D9 D3 B1 B6 A0 $\$ 8653$ 2148:E6 E9 EC E5 00207201 \$4FA9 2150:8A 8D 8A 8D DO F2 E5 F3 \$3CAO 2158:F3 AO D2 C5 D4 D5 D2 CE \$C934 2160:AE 00 E2 30 AF 00 CO E0 $\$ 9 \mathrm{C} 43$ 2168:10 FA EB AF 10 CO EO EB $\$ 3 \mathrm{~B} 47$ 2170:C9 8D DO FO 207201 8D $\$ 3170$ 2178:8D 00 C2 30 A9 000022 \$288F 2180:A8 00 E1 2900460100 \$C9E8 2188:00 BO F4 $0000000000 \$ 4384$ 2190:00 6B $48 \quad 20 \quad 7201$ 8A 8D \$B2DD 2198:D1 F5 E5 F3 F4 F2 EF EE $\$ 2105$ 21AO:AE C3 C4 C1 AO F7 E1 F3 \$5CE7 21A8; AO EE EF F4 AO E6 EF F5 $\$ 4913$ 21B0:EE E4 00688296 FF C2 $\$ 7864$ 21B8:21 A3 01 1A 8301 E 230 \$FC5F 21C0:A0 00 B3 01 FO $05 \quad 2089 \$ 864 \mathrm{C}$ 21C8:01 80 EC C2 306048 DA $\$ 8451$ 21D0:5A 08 C2 3048 A2 OC 18 \$82EA 21D8:22 0000 E1 28 7A FA 68 \$9B55 21E0:60 08 E2 30 A0 03 B9 B8 \$C1D9 21E8:01 F0 06208901 C8 80 \$2FB9 21FO:F5 28600000000000 \$758C 21F8:00 00000000 OE $312 F$ \$08F1 2200:51 $55455354524 F 4 E \quad \$ 2 B 69$ 2208:2E 434441 F7 170000 \$08BE 2210:00 00 OD $6174787 C 87$ \$EADC 2218:8B 97 9B 9E A1 A6 D0 D4 \$D358 2220:DF 0509304 F 82 A 2 A 7 \$82E5 2228:F5 030040014601 F5 \$OEA6 2230:01 FO 5E 00 B8 0100 \$337E

## Krakowicz

## The Basics of Kracking Part \#15

## Kracking SSI's RDOS

It's really not fair when one publisher has a system that keeps their software from being conveniently backed up, especially when so many of the other "protection" schemes have fallen to the growing corps of talented Krackists. With that in mind, and because we all love a challenge, we will take a long look at the approach used by Strategic Simulations, Inc. (SSI) in providing copy protection for their series of war simulations and "rapid-fire" series, as well as some recent games which have a little redeeming social merit:Epidemic, Ringside Seat, and Galactic Adventures.

As we've discussed in the basics of Kracking series, you can either protect a program by various means, or you can protect a disk full of programs with some sort of DOS modification. DOS modifications are usually not too successful, since some enterprising person out in pirate land will sooner or later figure a way to copy all the files onto a normal DOS disk, making all the disk protection worthless. SSI's answer to this problem was not only to write an extensively revised DOS, but to couple it with "enhancements" to Applesoft using the ampersand vector (more on this later). This way, even if you could
strip the files off the disk, you would need to write a DOS which was:

1. DOS 3.3 compatible
2. AsshortasRDOS (\$B100-\$BFFF), since the programs frequently use all of the free space
3. Capable of correctly interpreting the ampersand commands which are liberally sprinkled through all the Applesoft programs.

The amount of effort required to do this has kept Krackists at bay, at least until now.
First, how to äpproach this type of Kracking job? The seventhlaw of Krack-
not straightforward, "linear" code. You may recall that we described how to list an RDOS Applesoft file in Basics 103 (\#3): reset,D6:00, C081, Ctrl-C,"LIST". You will be immediately struck by a whole new list of commands that mother Applenevertold you about. These are ampersand (\&) commands which have been added to implement the RDOS commands, and they work as follows: Whenever the " $\&$ " is encountered, Applesoft jumps to location \$3F5. looking at that location will tell you where the ampersand evaluation routine is located; in this case, it contains "4C03 B3" or JMP \$B303. Examination of the code

# 'Krakowicz's seventh law of Kracking says: When you're totally lost, bootcode trace" 

ing says: "when you're totally lost, bootcode trace" (I know, I promise that I'll write a complete column on boot-tracing soon. If you just can't wait, try to get hold of the Hardcore magazine update 3.1, pages $6-15$. It has a lucid, wellexampled discussion of the boot-tracing process). When you load T0, S0 into $\$ 800$, you will immediately see the familiar "Brody Loady" (named after that fun-loving bunch of Scandahoovians at Broderbund) which moves the entire page down to page 2 and jumps to $\$ 20 \mathrm{~F}$ to complete the boot. This is a fairly tricky boot which has been used for all types of protection schemes, but if you puzzle over it long enough, you'll see that the JMP ( $\$ 003 \mathrm{E}$ ) at location $\$ 343$ doubles as a jump to the sector read routine, then as a jump to the program start when all the sectors are read in. The program start in this case is $\$ 3300$, which is a JMP \$B974 that drops you into a discouragingly complex series of JSR's and JMP's.

At this point, discretion is the better part of valor (remember the second law: There's always another way). What the boot-trace has told us is that the DOS code lives from $\$$ B300 to $\$ B F F F$, and is
there reveals that the accumulator is compared to a table ofnumbers in $\$$ B320\$B330, and the address of the routine to be executed is picked up from a table in \$B331- \$B352. You can easily see all this code by resetting any of the RDOS SSI games, and if you're really interested, you can contact your local pirate for a copy of the source code listings, in Big Mac format, for both the original and DOS 3.3 compatible versions of RDOS. The disk also contains object code for RDOS 3.3 and listings of the other programs used for secondary protection and initializing. If there's enough interest, the sysop might be persuaded to include them on his Apple Trek Kracking disk \#2.

Now we're starting to make progress. Each time the " \&" command is encountered, Applesoft obligingly jumps up to \$B303 with the hex value of the next basic token in the accumulator, and then decides what to do next. The tokens, with their value, subroutine address start, and function are shown in figure 1.

As you can see, not all have been chased down. Interested parties are invited to investigate and share the results with us all.

Figure 1

| \& command |  | hex |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| dec | Addr | Eunction in RDOS |  |  |
| C | 43 | 67 | B353 | Catalog (\&C AT) |
| LOAD | B6 | 182 | B371 | Load Applesoft file |
| RUN | AC | 172 | B446 | Run Applesoftfile |
| GOTO | AB | 171 | B44C | Exec (?) |
| SAVE | B7 | 183 | B48D | Save Applesoft file |
| STORE | A8 | 168 | B511 | Bsave (with A,L) |
| RECALL | A7 | 167 | B52B | Bload, A optional |
| DEF | B8 | 184 | B544 | ? |
| PRINT | BA | 186 | B56C | Write to textfile |
| READ | 87 | 135 | B582 | Read text file |
| END | 80 | 128 | B5A9 | Close a file |
| DEL | 85 | 133 | B5AE | Delete a file |
| LEN | E3 | 227 | B5CD | $?$ |
| D | 44 | 68 | B620 | Drive? |
| S | 53 | 83 | B62E | Slot? |
| NEW | BF | 191 | B64F | ? |
| USR | D5 | 213 | B670 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

But this, too, has only a limited value, since we run out of informative tokens at about \$B679 in a listing that continues up to \$BFFF. The only way to get there isto call upthe infantry and slog our way through the code, brute force. Since it's a DOS, there must be read and write code of some sort, so looking around for disk accesses (\$C08C,X) is a good place to start. The first encounter is at \$BB6B, which is clearly a "write" section\$C08F,X = output; \$C08E, $\mathrm{X}=$ sense write protect. It's followed by a read sectorroutine at \$BBFD-BC64, and read address routine at $\$$ BC65-\$BCC0. On close examination, it can be seen that the

RWTS" (it goes into $\$ 8000$ as the default location). Next, BLOAD "RDOS WRITE",A $\$ 7000$, then move it to the normal RWTS locations with B700< 7000.78 FFM (this is necessary because you're using the RWTS routines to read in the files; writing on top of operating code can lead to very unpleasant results). Return to BASIC, delete line five, and type "RUN". answer the question " 13 sector", enter the appropriate slots and drives, and you're off and running to create an RDOS 3.3 copy (when you're finished, you'll hâve a 16 -sector diskette with only 13 sectors occupied per track, but you won't notice it in use).

0, 7, E, 6, D, 5, C, 4, B, 3, A, 2, 9, 1, 8, F.
The second catalog sector, then, appears to be sector 7 . If you intend to do any amount of playing around with one of these disks, use the "RDOS WRITE" RWTS from the COPYB disk, or change bytes \$BE2A-\$BE2D to \$EA's with the Inspector. This omits the table lookup and makes the sector numbers follow the sequence as used by RDOS.

Next, copy the file called RDOS 3.3 from the COPYB disk (or track 0 of any of the recently unprotected SSI series) onto track zero, sectors 0-D. You would

# "Krakowicq's second law of Kracking says: There is always another way." 

routines have been lifted almost verbatim from DOS 3.2, with the address marker changed to "D4 AA B7" (in most cases). Aha! Maybe we can sneak in the appropriate routines from DOS 3.3 and make it "DO D5 AA 96's?" To make a lengthy story short, the answer is yes, but. DOS 3.2 uses, as you probably know, " $6+2$ " nibblizing in storing data on the disk, while 3.3 uses " $5+3$ ". The end result is that the pre- and postnibblizing routines must be transplanted from DOS 3.3, as well as both read and write byte translate tables. The address markers and the size of the nibble buffers must also be adjusted. When this is done (with much wailing and gnashing of teeth), the end result is a functional, DOS 3.3 compatible RDOS: RDOS 3.3.
(As a brief aside, the essential tools in this task are (of course), Beneath Apple DOS, and the DOS SOURCE commented listing of all the DOS code).
Now, we know from previous games like Crisis Mountain and Ming's Challenge that we can read the sectors into memory from a disk with modified RWTS routines by using its own RWTS and the Inspector, then swapping RWTS routines to standard DOS 3.3 and writing them out again on a formatted disk. The prospect of doing all the SSI games by hand boggles the mind, however, and requires an automated approach (they were supposed to work for ->us<-, remember?). The answer to this problem was the program now known as COPYB - a highly modified version of COPYA which does the RWTS swap for you, and even initializes disks as a bonus. The version of COPYB in general circulation includes RWTS routines which have been modified for reading and writing RDÖS. Reasonable directions are included on the disk, so it should be possible to back up your own SSI disks, using the additional information provided below.

Armed with RDOS 3.3 and COPYB, it is now possible to begin attacking one of the SSI protected disks. Since RDOS is based on DOS 3.2, the disks are all 13sector format, and since the DOS is all on track zero, you want to begin the track copying process with track one. To reiterate the COPYB instructions, run COPYB, then type Ctrl-C or reset when the prompt for source disk comes up. Get into the monitor and type 22E:1 to set the starting track to 1 , then, if the address marker bytes were D4 AA B7, BLOAD the file called "RDOS READ

Some of the SSI games use the normal DOS 3.2 address marker bytes of "D5 AA B5." These should be read in using the "DOS 3.2 RWTS" file, but you still need to use the "RDOS WRITE" RWTS for the writing routine.

RDOS uses track 1 for the catalog, and identifies files via a 24 - character alphanumeric name, a lengthin "blocks" as in Pascal, and the location of the starting block on the disk:
expect to have a working copy of the game at this point, but there are still a couple of surprises in store for you (I said it was a challenge!). There are several different secondary protection schemes used to defeat various copiers, usually going under the innocuousname of "QWERTY". The most common of these reads in an address field from track 0 , delays a bit, and looks for an \$EE as the next byte on the track. If it finds it, a

| RACK 01 | $\begin{array}{lrrr}\text { SECTOR } 0 & \text { SLOT } 6 \text { DRIUE } 1 \\ \text { BUFFER } 0800 \text { DOS } & 16 \quad 2 & \text { 2BCC }\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| 00-RDO | 2.1 COP Y |
| 10-H T | 1 1-81 B 1 H0010 001月0000 |
| 20-5 Y S | TEMBODT |
| 30- | T 010081 00011h00 |
| 40-REG 1 |  |
| 7 | I- B OA6009 DC091800 |
| 1 | 111 |
| $\checkmark$ | FILE TYPE / / u |
| Program | A,T,B / / FIRST |
| NAME | / u block |
|  | number |
|  | StARTING OF |
|  | LOCATION BLOCKS |

The starting block is equal to the track number multiplied by 13 plus the firstblock (\$1A00 is really $\$ 001 \mathrm{~A}$, which is decimal 26 , or track 2 , sector 0 ). If you look through the catalog track with the Inspector, you find the beginning of the catalog as expected in T1,S0. Looking for the continuation in $\mathrm{T} 1, \mathrm{~S} 1$, however, brings you to the next surprise held by RDOS: There is no sector interleaving in software; it is all done by the sector number sequencing during SSI's initialize routine. The importance of sector interleaving is discussed in "Bag of Tricks", and in a Softalk article about a year ago by Worth and Lechner. (DOS uses a lookup table at \$BFA8 to change the sector number read from the value read off the disk ("physical sector") to the number it thinks it should be ("logical sector"). SSI uses an "ascending 7" interleave scheme, which means that the sequence of sectors on the disk, as read by DOS 3.3 with its hex interleave table, is:

0 is stored in location 0 , otherwise the disk spins forever. By changing bytes \$28-\$29 to "A9 00", this annoyance is removed. A similar routine, seen only once or twice, is called "QWERTY", looks for an \$AA following the address field on any track, and reboots if it's not found. The remedy here is to put "A9 $00^{\prime \prime}$ in bytes $\$ 20-\$ 21$.

Recently, a much more sophisticated technique has beenused (Galactic Gladiators, Road to Gettysburg), which does the SSI equivalent of "quarter-tracking" or "spiralling." This version of QWERTY reads in four pages of sequential bytes from each of the four adjacent half-tracks from $\$ 20.5$ to $\$ 22.0$, storing them at $\$ 1000-\$ 1 F F F$. The three bytes following the four pages worth are used as the address marker for the data on the next half-track (as with all these protectiontechniques, the "sectors" are skewed so that there is never valid data overlapping on adjacent half-tracks). This approach effectively defeats copiers like NA II and Locksmith, which write an
entire track and obliterate data on any adjacent half-track. After reading in the data, the memory values are exclusiveor'ed (XOR) with the address (\$1000 contains $\$ 00, \$ 1001$ contains $\$ 01$, etc.), and if an error is found, it reboots the disk. Placing an RTS $(\$ 60)$ at the entry point of $\$ \mathrm{~A} 0 \mathrm{~F} 0$ will avoid the entire issue and make the COPYA version run.
The final (I hope) hurdle to using RDOS 3.3 is the program which initializes a save game diskette in an RDOS compatible format. It is called SSI.INIT and loads into $\$ 800-\$$ AFF (it is usually accessed via a "call 2800" from a basic program). Since it only writes address fields, and not data sectors (with no verify), it is a very fast init. All that's necessary to generate a disk compatible with RDOS 3.3 is to replace the "D4 AA B7" (or "D5 AA B5") address marker byte with D5 AA 96: change bytes $\$ 8$ F5 to \$D5 and \$8FF to \$96.

Now for the bad news: while RDOS is fast, primarily because all files are stored in sequential blocks, RDOS 3.3 is slow because of the sector interleave used by SSI (the disk must make an almost an entire revolution for each sector that is read in). It is fairly easy to add an interleave lookup table to RDOS 3.3 (it's called RDOS 3.3a on the disk), but bad things happened during my attempts to incorporate it into the SSI.INIT program. The code from $\$ 851$ to $\$ 86 \mathrm{~B}$ needs more alteration than I had patience for (there's room for a patch in \$9D7-9FF), and would be worth the effort if some ambitious Krackist out there could find the time...

Finally, as a typical example of Murphy's Law ("if anything can go wrong, it will, and at the worst possible moment), that after doing all this and converting some 20 games, the very last one I tried was Germany 1985. This is a fairly recent publication of SSI which is completely written in machine language, does not use RDOS at all, and will require a totally different approach to unprotection.

## Brian Coombs <br> Australia <br> ©I need help with the following

 softkeys:Risk v1.4 (issue \#85, pg 19) by Alan Chaney. The softkey works fine butI am unable to transfer it to a $3.5^{\prime \prime}$ disk even though it is a ProDOS program.
Alternate Reality-the Dungeon (issue \#52). I get an "Out of Data Error at $310^{\prime \prime}$ when I try to deprotect my backup copy of the game. When I softkey the original disk, I get a grating sound in the disk drive then the message "Disk Drive Error".

In addition, when I play this game, I find that when my character gets to a certainlevel, he keeps meeting this creature called the devourer-there are no encounters with other monsters. Even if I use the APT to create a super character he will be eventually wom down. Is there another way to deal with this creature or is it a bug in the program?

Champions of Krynn (issue \#77) by Dr. Crack. In his softkey, Dr. Crack gives instructions to edit sectors 18 and 19 of a particular track. My sector editor only goes up to 16 . Is this a misprint or does this disk have 19 sectors per track? If it does, what procedure do I use to make the edits?
My setup is: Apple IIgs, ROM version 1, 1.25 Mbytes RAM.

Rich Etarip
Sofkey for...

## Outpost Sirius

Just like almost every other Sirius disk, boot code tracing is the key to getting Outpost in memory. Once again, it is the standard Sirius boot program so often seen when breaking into Sirius disks. Seeing that I've documented this procedure in other sofkeys I'll skip it this time.
Powerup your Apple and let's begin! CALL-151
9600<C600.C6FFM
96FA:98 N 9801:4C 59 FF
9600G
COE8
9800<800.8FFM
9810:64 N 984C:68
985C:01 N 9870:98
987E:59 FF
9600G
COE8
8400<6400.67FFM
6463:84
6466:85
6469:86
646C:87
9810:04 N 984C:08
987D:A0 00 B9 0064990004
:B9 0065990005 B9 00
:67990007 C8 DO EB 4C :4604

The above procedure is standard for the other Sirius disks containing this same boot code. The only thing that usually varies in the boot code is what it does after the program is in memory. In this case it ends up at $\$ 520$ (which is currently at $\$ 6520$ ). There, it sets the stack values (which tell the RTS at \$558 where to go) and also plays around with the zero page.
At \$6523 is a JSR \$7D0 which should be changed to BIT \$7D0 because \$7D0 is a memory check routine that will cause a reboot.
6523:2C
It normally exits at $\$ 6558$ so change the RTS to a JMP \$7D0 and we'll write a routine at \$7D0 to move the zero page to $\$ 2700$ and save the stack addresses. 6558:4C DO 07
67D0:A2 00 BD 0000 9D 0027
:E8 DO F7 68 8D 002068
:8D 0120 4C 59 FF
Call up $\$ 9600$ to boot the disk and load the program. 9600G

The program is in memory from $\$ 800$ to $\$ 8 \mathrm{FFF}$ and hi-res page 1 is blank. Check locations $\$ 2000$ and $\$ 2001$ where we stored the entry point of the game program.
2000.2001

The values should be $\$ F F$ and $\$ 7 \mathrm{~F}$. The smallest typing error along the way could cause these values to be incorrect and if so, the program will probably not work correctly.
If everything is correct, move $\$ 800$ \$1FFF to $\$ 2800$.
2800<800.1FFFM
At \$813D is a JMP \$8EC0 which is a disk check routine. Upon a successful check, it returns by RTS with no checksum. It can be easily disabled by putting an RTS at \$813D.
813D:60
Insert a slave disk with no HELLO program and at least 105 available sec-
tors, then reboot DOS and enter the monitor.
C600G
CALL-151
A memory move routine must be written to move $\$ 2800$ back to $\$ 800$ and $\$ 2700$ back to the zero page. Because the code begins at $\$ 2700$ this can be written right before it at $\$ 26 \mathrm{C} 0$.
26C0:A2 00 BD 0028 9D 0008
:E8 DO F7 EE C4 26 EE C7
:26 AD C4 26 C9 40 DO EA :BD 0027 9D 0000 E8 DO

## :F74C0080

Finally, save the program to disk. We'll save \$26C0 through \$8DFF. Pages $\$ 8 \mathrm{E}$ and $\$ 8 \mathrm{~F}$ are only for the disk check and do not need to be saved. BSAVE OUTPOST,A\$26C0,L\$6730

Softkey for...

## Twerps Sirius

If Sirius software were still in business, I'm sure they would have begun to despiseme by now. Twerps is about the 15th Sirius game I have cracked and many of these cracking procedures I have submitted (or will be submitting) for publication in Computist. After a while, cracking Sirius disks became quite routine because most of them are protected the same way. However, even though many of them are alike, there is just enough variance from disk to disk to make one Softkey procedure obsolete on the nextdisk. Twerps isno exception.

Much like Epoch, Twerps occupies a great amount of memory and would take alot of extra work to try to compact it into a standard DOS file. The program code runs from $\$ 400$ to $\$$ BFFF and Hires page 2 is blank. The title picture loads from the disk separately and uses \$2000-3FFF. You could easily save all of the working game code, sacrificing the picture, and have a BRUNable file of Twerps or if you prefer to salvage the picture, you could scrunch it down to size with a picture packer and include it in the file. This is the way I originally did it, butbecause not all of ushave the same picture packer, it would be a bit more difficult to document.

This game will be deprotected and saved much in the same manner as Epoch. It will involve boot code tracing the disk to get the program and writing the code directly to the copy disk with the RWTS. Also, because the title picture normally loads in from the disk between games and during the demo mode, we will use the RAM card to store the picture somewhat in the same way Gorgon was done.

We will begin by creating a blank copy disk with a modified boot 1 . This is so we can boot this disk without DOS loading over part of the game program. FP
CALL-151
B700:4C 59 FF

## INIT HELLO

## DELETE HELLO

Set this disk aside and insert the Twerps disk. It's time to boot code trace another typical Sirius disk. Although the below procedure is not documented step by step, try to use your own knowledge and what you've learned (if you understand machine language) to figure out what each step is doing. Believe me, it's by far the best way to learn and understand how protection works. 9600<C600.C6FFM

96FA:98 N 9801:4C 59 FF
9600G
9800<800.8FFM
985C:01 N 9870:98
987D:A9 4C 8D 0005 A9 59 8D
:01 05 A9 FF 8D 0205 4C
:4604
9600G
COE8
All of the program code is in memory at this point but the title picture still hasn't been loaded in. This is done at $\$ \mathrm{BC} 03$. A few modifications must be made to bypass a check to track $\$ 17$. Also, we want to load the picture into $\$ 4000$ instead of $\$ 2000$ because the code that runs at $\$ 400-\$ 1$ FFF is at $\$ 2000$ right now.
BC03:20 90 BE
BC22:4C 59 FF
BC10:40
BC17:4C
BC1E:54

## 300:A2 6086 2B 4C 03 BC

The brief routine at $\$ 300$ restores the slot number in location \$2B before calling $\$ B C 03$. Turn on the drive, execute $\$ 300$, and turn off the drive.
COE9
300G
COE8
Everything we need to save is now in memory from $\$ 2000-\$ B F F F$. We'll be using the RWTS (which occupies \$B800-BFFF) to save this game to disk. First, we have to move the $\$ B 000$ area memory elsewhere to make room for the RWTS.
1000<B000.BFFFM
At $\$$ BC00 (now $\$ 1 \mathrm{C} 00$ ) is the routine that loads the title picture in from the disk. Since we'll be storing the picture in the RAM card, we'll write the routine at $\$ 1 \mathrm{C} 00$ to move the picture from the RAM card to the Hi-res screen.
1C00:AD 83 CO AD 83 CO A9 00
:85 D0 85 D2 A9 D0 85 D1
:A2 2086 D3 A0 00 B1 D0
:91 D2 C8 D0 F9 E6 D1 E6

## :D3 CA D0 F2 AD 82 C0 60

At \$BCA6 is a routine to move pages $\$ 20$ to $\$ 3 B$ down to $\$ 400$. This is normally called right before jumping to $\$ 400$ to start the game but hasn't been called yet. To avoid writing an extra memory move routine, we will use this one before starting the game. Make one modification by patching an RTS at the end of the routine.

## 1CCA:60

Insert the Twerps COPY disk, boot the disk, and tum off the disk drive.

## C600G

## COE8

Because we modified the boot program on the copy disk, only the RWTS is intact at this time. The rest of DOS did not load. The RWTS is all we will need to write the game to disk as well as read it in at boot. Begin by entering the necessary IOB information for writing the game to the disk.
B7EB:00 OC OF
B7F0:00 AF 000002

## B7E1:A0

## B793G

Once the writing is finished, reboot DOS and run your sector editor. Then read track 00 , sector 01 . This is technically boot stage 1 (\$B700). You should see 4C 59 FF at the beginning of this sector. Beginning right at byte 00 , enter the following program:
Ink Sat Bue From Io
$\begin{array}{llllll} & 01 & 00 & 4 C 59 \mathrm{FF} & 2093 \mathrm{B7} 7200\end{array}$

## \$E1 ??

AO
That's the IOB data for the loading of the game at \$EB and the length (in pages) of the game program at $\$ E 1$.

Rewrite this sector and you're finished.

Softkey for...

## Snack Attack

Datamost
Snack Attack is written to disk with a modified DOS 3.2. It can be deprotected one of two different ways. Either by copying the disk track by track to normal DOS 3.3, or boot code tracing the disk and saving the game as a BRUNable file. Due to the memory usage of this game, the hi-res picture would either have to be packed or sacrificed to save the game as a file. The easiest way to do it in this case is to copy the disk to a normal format. This can be done with a Super IOB swap controller. If you are interested in saving this game as a single file, you can use the boot code trace steps for County Fair in Issue \#82. Take note that ONLY the boot code trace procedure will work for Snack Attack as the start address and memory.use is not the same as County Fair. Once the game is in memory, the rest will be up to you if you wish to try it that way.

Otherwise, begin by formatting a disk for the copy.

## INIT HELLO

Now we have to get the Snack Attack RWTS in memory. Boot the disk and after a few seconds, press RESET several times until the prompt appears. Then, enter the monitor and move the RWTS to $\$ 1900$ where Super IOB will use it. CALL-151

## 1900<B800.BFFFM

Reboot DOS, load Super IOB and install the controller listed at the end of this article. It will copy tracks \$0 to \$11 from Snack Attack to the copy disk. Also, all tracks except for track 0 will be written with a reverse (Pascal) skew. This is to maximize loading speed. DOS 3.2 reads faster when the sectors are read in ascending order but DOS 3.3 is just the opposite. If we were to make the copyusing the normal 3.3 skew, it would take 20-30 seconds just toload the game. It is possible to change the loader to read in reverse order but it is much easier to just write with a reverse skew.

When the Super IOB controller is installed, run the program and copy the disk. There will be a read error on track 0 , and several on track $\$ 11$ but the program will ignore the errors and keep on copying. After the copy is finished, run
your sector editor. The original Snack Attack disk is no longer needed.

What we need to do now is copy a normal 3.3 RWTS to track $\$ 00$ but save sector $\$ 0 \mathrm{C}$ which is the real boot 1 sector of Snack Attack. Boot 1 is normally found on track $\$ 00$, sector $\$ 01$ but Datamost used about 3 decoy boot 1 sectors to confuse boot code tracers.

This next step can be done one of two ways. You make the choice.

1. Read track $\$ 00$, sector $\$ 0 C$ and write it to track $\$ 12$, sector $\$ 0 \mathrm{C}$ for safe keeping. Then take a copier that allows you to select tracks and copy track 0 from a normal (non-master) DOS disk. DON'T use the Apple master disk for this. Then, with your sector editor, read track $\$ 12$, sector $\$ 0 \mathrm{C}$ and write it to track $\$ 00$, sector $\$ 01$.
2. Individually copy sectors \$00-09 (on track 0 ) one at a time from a normal disk to the copy disk. This is much more tedious than the first option. Then read sector \$0C from the Snack Attack copy and write it to sector $\$ 01$.

The final step of this Softkey is installing the sector skew into the RWTS on the disk. Remember, when you write with an abnormal skew, you must read with the same skew so the sectors are read in the correct order. The skew is found on track $\$ 00$, sector $\$ 09$ at byte \$B8.

|  | - Sct Bye | From | Io |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 09 B8 | ?? | 0002040608 |
|  |  |  | OAOCOEO1 03 |
|  |  |  | O507090B0D |
|  |  |  | OF |

After the skew has been entered, rewrite the sector and you're ready to play Snack Attack!

## CONTROLLER

1000 REM"SNACK ATTACK CONTROLLER
$1010 \mathrm{TK}=0: \mathrm{ST}=0: \mathrm{LT}=$
18:CD = WR
$1020 \mathrm{T1}=\mathrm{TK}:$ GOSUB 490:
GOSUB. 360 : ONERR GOTO 550
1030 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100:ST
$=S T+1$ : IF ST < 13 THEN 1030
1040 IF BF THEN 1060
$1050 \mathrm{ST}=0: \mathrm{TK}=\mathrm{TK}+1: \mathrm{IF}$
TK < LT THEN 1030
1060 GOSUB 490:TK = T1:ST = 0 : GOSUB 360
1070 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100:ST $=$ ST + 1: IF ST < 13 THEN 1070
$1080 \mathrm{ST}=0: \mathrm{TK}=\mathrm{TK}+1: \mathrm{IF}$ TK $=1$ THEN GOSUB 2000
$1085 \mathrm{IF} \mathrm{BF}=0 \mathrm{AND} \mathrm{TK}<\mathrm{LT}$ THEN 1070
1090 IF TK < LT THEN 1020
1100 HOME : PRINT "DONE" : END -
2000 DATA $0,2,4,6,8,10,12$, $14,1,3,5,7,9,11,13,15$ 2010 FOR I $=1$ TO 16: READ SS: POKE $49079+$ I,SS: NEXT : RETURN

## Checksums

1000-\$356B 1050-\$03B0 1090-\$2825 1010-\$3222 1060-\$4EFF 1100-\$F064 1020-\$16A9 1070-\$BBBA 2000-\$9E40 1030-SE75E 1080-\$9128 2010-\$16F3 1040-\$OD7D 1085-\$971D

Softkey for...

## Seven Cities of Gold Electronic Arts

Here is another Most Wanted List disk sent to me by a Computist subscrib-
er. Seven Cities of Gold is protected much like most of the EOA games I am familiar with. Most of them contain a normal or slightly altered DOS 3.3 format with the dreaded uncopyable track 6 which is used for a nibble count. Once finding the nibble count routine, I can be disabled. This disk appears to contain 3 nibble count routines in different places but I believe that only two of them are used. We'll begin by copying both sides of the disk.

You'll need a normal disk copier that bypasses read errors such as the Locksmith fast disk backup. The only read errors will be on Track 6 of side 1 . After copying the disk, run your sector editor.

It didn't take long to find the first nibble count routine. It is on Track $\$ 1$, Sector $\$ \mathrm{~F}$ and resides in memory at $\$ A 000$. You would think that by just patching an RTS at the beginning of the routine, you could easily bypass it but EOA thought of that too. Somewhere, cleverly hidden in the program code is a memory check routine that will cause the program to crash if any changes are made. Through the process of trial and error, I concluded that it adds up all of the bytes in the routine and checks the result value. There is a way around this withouthaving to find the memory check routine. Take the first three bytes of this routine which are $\$ 4 C \$ 69 \$ A 0$. Add them up like this:
LDA \#\$4C
CLC
ADC \#\$69
ADC \#\$AO
The result is $\$ 55$. To bypass the nibble count, we want to put a CLC and an RTS (which would be an $\$ 18$ and a $\$ 60$ ) at the beginning of the routine. The trick is changing the third byte also where the sum of the three new bytes will also equal $\$ 55$. The third byte should be $\$$ DD (\$18+60+DD=\$55).
Irk Sct Bye from Io $\$ 01$ \$0F \$00 4C69AO 1860 DD

If you were to boot the disk rightnow, you would make it just past the title page until it checks the disk again and crashes. This time, the nibble count routine is encoded on the disk. In a case like this, the best thing to do is halt the boot code after the program is loaded and search through memory to find the routine inits decoded form. I found the program start address at \$A946 in an encoded table of addresses. It uses this table for a series of indirect jumps obviously meant to confuse the cracker. By changing this address to $\$$ FF59, I was able to enter the monitor and look at the program code once it was in memory and eventually, I found what I was looking for. The nibble count routine was at $\$ 6100$. Knowing this was encoded on the disk, I searched for a JSR $\$ 6100$ which I found at $\$ 6875$. Even though the actual nibble count routine was encoded, surprisingly the JMP was not. I found this on Track $\$ E$, Sector \$7. Change the $\$ 20$ to a $\$ 2 \mathrm{C}$ which will turn the JSR $\$ 6100$ to a BIT $\$ 6100$.
Ink Sct Bye From Io
SOE $\$ 07 \$ 75 \quad 20 \quad 2 \mathrm{C}$
...and that takes care of the protection on Seven Cities of Gold!

Softkey for...
Pensate Penguin
This Most Wanted List member was sent to me by a subscriber who had read
my ad in the back of Computist. Pensate is on a standard type DOS 3.3 format but is a little trickier than some protection schemes. To begin, the address marks alternate between D5 AA 96 and D4 AA 96 on even and odd tracks respectively. Also, the DOS routines are encoded on the disk making them a bitmore difficult to examine and modify. Let's begin and I'll try to explain as we go along.

Being that Pensate is on a mostly standard format, it can be copied track by track to a normal disk without too much of a problem. This can be done with a Super IOB controller. Begin by installing the controller into Super IOB and copying the disk. The only tracks containing data are $\$ 00$ to $\$ 11$. The controllerpokes in the \$D5 address mark on even tracks and the \$D4 on odd tracks. This is done in line 1025 and line 1065 changes it to a normal \$D5 for writing. The rest of the controller is just standard procedure.
Now, run your sector editor. We need to change their DOS to read the normal format of the copy. Their DOS is capable of reading either a \$D4 or a \$D5 in the address field because of the way it was programmed. Here is an example: 1000-

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { LDA } \$ C 08 C, X \\
& \text { BPL } \$ 1000 \\
& \text { LSR } \\
& \text { CMP \#\$6A }
\end{aligned}
$$

What this is doing is reading a byte from the disk, performing an LSR bit shift (which divides the byte by two leaving no decimal remainder) and comparing the byte to $\$ 6 \mathrm{~A}$. Because the LSR
leaves no remainder, \$D4 and \$D5 will both result in a $\$ 6 \mathrm{~A}$ when bit-shifted right. Therefore, this part of the loader need not be modified.

The only other difference between Pensate's DOS and normal DOS is that the end marks have been changed from DE AA to DA AA. By changing their DOS to look for the DE AA, the copy will work. The problem is that the DOS is encoded on the disk. By making a quick modification to the boot code, I was able tolook at the decoded DOS and also find out how it was encoded. With the needed information at my fingertips, I came up with the DOS modifications and the encoded values for these changes.

| Ink Sat Bre | From | Io |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$00 \$0E \$A6 | 13 | 17 |
| \$A7 | OA | OE |
| \$00 \$0D \$0D | 13 | 17 |
| \$0E | OA | OE |

## CONTROLLER

1000 REM "PENSATE CONTROLLER $1010 \mathrm{TK}=0: \mathrm{ST}=0: \mathrm{LT}=$ $18: C D=W R$
1020 T1 = TK: GOSUB 490: POKE 47426,24
$1025 \mathrm{DM}=\mathrm{TK} / 2=\mathrm{INT}(\mathrm{TK} /$
2) : POKE 47445,212 + DM

1030 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100:ST = ST + 1: IF ST < DOS THEN 1030
1040 IF BF THEN 1060
$1050 \mathrm{ST}=0: \mathrm{TK}=\mathrm{TK}+1: \mathrm{IF}$
TK < LT THEN 1025
1060 GOSUB 490:TK = T1:ST = 0
1065 POKE 47445,213
1070 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100:ST $=\mathrm{ST}+1$ : IF ST < DOS THEN 1070
$1080 \mathrm{ST}=0: \mathrm{TK}=\mathrm{TK}+1: \mathrm{IF}$ $\mathrm{BF}=0$ AND TK < LT THEN 1070
1090 IF TK < LT THEN 1020
1100 HOME : PRINT
"DONE~WITH~COPY" : END

## Checksums

1000-\$356B 1040-\$57FB 1080-\$3D59 1010-\$3222 1050-\$5A21 1090-\$2807 1020-\$84E4 1060-\$E809 1100-\$D02C 1025-\$4755 1065-\$7991
1030-\$5154 1070-\$7194
Softkey for...

## Where in the World is <br> Carmen Sandiego?

## Broderbund

There have beentwo other Computist Softkeys for this game but this Softkey is for later releases of the game with a different copy protection. 'Where in the World...' appears to be the first Carmen Sandiego disk released by Broderbund and also may be the only disk of the series that was released prior to the birth

of Broderbund's 18 sector per track format. The only other disk I've seen from this series is 'Where in the USA is Carmen Sandiego?' which is in the cursed 18 sector format. By pressing Reset on the game in such a way to freeze the text screen, you'll see a message at the bottom of the screen stating 'ROLAND WAS HERE, BUT HE LEFT...'. As far as I know, the wizard who devised the 18 sector format for Broderbund is named Roland but the message confuses me because I believe that his disk protection was not used until after the release of the first Carmen Sandiego disk. Well, enough about details, let's get to the Softkey!

This disk is protected much like Captain Goodnight which was Softkeyed in Computist \#82. Side 1 is encoded in $4+4$ and quarter tracked as well but fortunately, once the program is loaded in, it does not access side 1 again. To make things even easier, side 2 is unprotected. By copying side 2 and boot code tracing to get the game program from side 1, this disk can be deprotected.

To begin, label a 2 sided copy disk (or 2 single sided disks). Using a normal

DOS copier, copy side 2 of Carmen Sandiego. Then, insert side 1 of the copy disk. Even though the main program is quite large, it can still be saved without having to boot code trace more than once. This can be accomplished by causing the backup disk to halt the boot once the RWTS is in memory.
CALL-151
B64A:4C 59 FF
INIT HELLO

## DELETE HELLO

Once this is complete, insert 'Where in the World...' and begin boot code tracing the disk. This is almost the same identical boot code as Captain Goodnight.
9600<C600.C6FFM
96FA:98 N 9801:AD E8 C0 4C 59 FF 9600G
9800<800.8FFM
9837:10 N 9847:4C 59 FF
9801G
982D:60 10
9831:EA EA
9837:00
9847:60
106A:A9 64
1105:94
9500:AD E8 CO 4C 59 FF
9600G
106B:04
65E4:2C
65ED:00 4C A0 06
9500:A2 00 BD 0065 9D 0005
:BD 0066 9D 0006 E8 D0

## :F1 A2 60 4C 0004

The boot code is set to jump to \$6A0 once the game is loaded in. At \$6A0 (right now at \$66A0) we'll write a routine to save the lower 6 pages of memory as well as the $\$ F 000$ RAM card area.
66A0:A2 00 BD 0000 9D 0020
:E8 D0 F7 EE A4 06 EE A7
:06 AD A4 06 C9 06 D0 EA
:BD 00 FO 9D 0030 E8 DO
:F7 EE BD 06 EE BA 06 DO
:EF AD 82 C0 4C 59 FF
Execute $\$ 9600$ to load in the game! 9600G

Before rebooting, we must save the code occupying the RWTS area as well as page $\$ 8$.

## 2600<B600.BFFFM

$2300<800.8$ FFM
Insert the backup disk, reboot and turn off the disk drive and restore page $\$ 8$.

## C600G

COE8

## $800<2300.23$ FFM

Read enable the RAM card and move bank 1 \$D000 to \$5000.
C081 C081 N F800<F800.FFFFM
C083

## 5000<D000.DFFFM

We'll use the RWTS to write $\$ 800$ through \$B5FF to tracks \$01 through \$0C.
B7EC:0C 05 FB B7 00 B5 000002
B7E1:AE
B793G
And write Bank 2 \$DO00-\$EFFF to track \$0D and \$0E.
C08B
B7EC:0E OF FB B7 00 EF
B7E1:20
B793G
Next, reboot DOS and run a sector editor. Read track 0 , sector 0 and change it so it jumps to boot stage 2 instead of the monitor.
Ink Sct Bre Erom To
$\$ 00 \$ 00 \$ 4 \mathrm{~B} \quad 59 \mathrm{FF} \quad 00 \mathrm{B7}$

Read track 0 , sector 1 and at byte 00 , enter a routine to read in the game program.

| Ink Sct Byte | From | Io |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 000100 | ?? | 2093 B7 AD81 |
|  |  | COAD 81 COAD |
|  |  | 8BCOAD 8BCO |
|  |  | A90E8DECB7 |
|  |  | A90F8DEDB7 |
|  |  | A9EF8DF1 ${ }^{\text {7 }}$ |
|  |  | A9208DE1 B7 |
|  |  | $2093 \mathrm{B7} 4 \mathrm{C} 00$ |
|  |  | 23 |

Move the cursor to byte \$EB and enter the IOB information.

| Ink | $\frac{\text { Sct }}{} \frac{\text { Byde }}{}$ | From | Io |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 00 | 01 | $E B$ | $? ?$ |

...and at byte $\$ E 1$, enter the number of pages to load.
Ink Sct $\frac{\text { Bye }}{01} \frac{\text { Erom }}{\text { E1 }} \quad \frac{\text { Io }}{\text { ? }}$
Write this sector back to disk and read track 3 , sector 3 . This sector reads into memory at $\$ 2300$. This is where we will write a memory move routine to restore all of the code into its proper place. Begin at byte 00 .
Irk Sct Byte Erom I
$03 \quad 0300$ ?? A200 BD 0020
9D0000 E8DO
F7EE0423EE
0723 AD0423
C926D0EA A9
0085008502
A9 268501 A9
B68503 A20A
204723 A9 FO
8503 A2 1020
47 23 A9 5085
01 A9 D0 8503
A2 10 AD 83 C0
2047234 C 00
60 A 000 B 100
$9102 \mathrm{CBDOF9}$
E601 E603CA
D0 F260
Save this sector to the disk, and if everything was followed correctly, you should now have an unprotected copy of 'Where in the World is Carmen Sandiego?'.

Softkey for...

## Spectre

 DatamostThis Softkey will convert Spectre into a copyable disk using Super IOB and a few sector edits...but first, a brief explanation of the disk. Tracks $0-2$ are normal except for modified end marks of \$DF and \$AA. Tracks $\$ 3-22$ have the same modified end marks but the address and data headers are also altered:

|  | Normal | Spectre |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Address | D5 AA 96 | C5 AA B5 |

Data D5 AA AD C5 AA BD
The disk can be copied to a normal format quite easily by using a custom made controller for Super IOB. To begin, load SuperIOB and install the Spectre controller listed at the end of the article. Then run the program, choose the proper slot and drives, and format the copydisk. THE COPY DISK MUST BEFORMATTED WITH A VOLUME OF 17 or it will not work. After formatting, copy the disk and then get out your sector editor.

The RWTS on Track 0 is still looking for the altered end marks of \$DF so it must be changed to look for \$DE.
Ink Sct Bye
$\$ 00 \$ 03 \$ 35$
$\$ 91$ DF DE
The altered address and data marks are not intact in the RWTS on the disk but are stored there by a routine at \$BED7. On Track 0, Sector 8, the JMP \$BED7 should be changed to JMP \$9D84 which is where it goes after the marks are changed.

| Irk | Sct | Bne | From |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 00$ | \$08 | Io | Io |
|  | D7 | 84 |  |
|  | $\$ D 0$ | BE | $9 D$ |

Finally, we have to disable a disk check that is done before the title picture loads in. This can be found on Track 6 , Sector \$D. Change the JMP \$35B to BIT \$35B so it will not jump to the 'crash' routine.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Ink } & \text { Sat } & \text { Byde } & \text { From } \\ \$ 00 & \text { Io } \\ \$ 27 & 20 & 2 C\end{array}$
Note that if you make copies of this backup, the copies must have a volume of 17 (\$11 hex). Most normal disk copiers copy the volume, though, so there should be no problem.

## CONTROLLER

1000 REM "SPECTRE CONTROLLER
$1010 \mathrm{TK}=0: \mathrm{ST}=0: \mathrm{LT}=$

$$
35: C D=W R
$$

1020 T 1 = TK: GOSUB 490:
POKE 47426,24: ONERR GOTO 550
1025 IF TK < 3 THEN 1030
1026 DATA
197,170,181,197,170,189
1027 GOSUB 180: GOSUB 200: RESTORE
1030 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100:ST
= ST + 1: IF ST < DOS THEN
1030
1040 IF BF THEN 1060
$1050 \mathrm{ST}=0: \mathrm{TK}=\mathrm{TK}+1: \mathrm{IF}$
TK < LT THEN 1025
1060 GOSUB 490: GOSUB 220:TK

$$
=T 1: S T=0
$$

1070 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100:ST
$=$ ST + 1: IF ST < DOS THEN

$$
1070
$$

$1080 \mathrm{ST}=0: \mathrm{TK}=\mathrm{TK}+1: \mathrm{IF}$
$\mathrm{BF}=0$ AND $\mathrm{TK}<\mathrm{LT}$ THEN
1070
1090 IF TK < LT THEN 1020
1100 HOME : PRINT "DONE." : END

## Checksums

1000-\$356B 1027-\$5BCB 1070-\$CA81 1010-\$3266 1030-\$4DCA 1080-\$28C8 1020-\$1CFO 1040-\$07BD 1090-\$D7CE 1025-\$5898 1050-\$0627 1100-\$1ABF 1026-\$4611 1060-\$C284

Softkey for..

## Superkey <br> Bytes of Learning

Of all the disks I've had sent to me through my ad in the back of Computist, three of them were from a Canadian educational software publishing company called Bytes of Learning. Their disk protection was more difficult to remove than alot of disks that I've seen. The disk 'SUPERKEY' was sent to me by two different readers from Canada. Take note that there may be different releases of this program that the Softkey might not work on.
Bytes of Learning seems to be quite consistent with their protection methods from disk to disk. They don't necessarily use the same exact protection but the methods are similar. Even though SuperKey can be read by COPYA if you ignore epilog and checksum errors, what it is reading is nothing close to the actual
disk data. The Bytes of Learning company uses a different type of disk encoding than normal DOS 3.3 does even though the disk is in a 3.3 format. After finding the address epilogs (DEAA) the read address routine reads two additional bytes that are used in the postnibble routine to decode the sector from the raw disk data. The read translate table is also abnormal. The best way to copy the disk is to do a swap copy. SuperIOB can be used for this procedure.

To start with, we need to get our hands on SuperKey's DOS. It can be found on track 0 , but most of it is encoded. Instead of walking through the decode routines one at a time, we'll just copy track 0 (the only normal track on the disk) and halt the boot process at a point where the DOS has been decoded. Format a backup disk and then, using any copier that can copy individual tracks, copy track 0.
Now, run your sector editor and edit the copy disk.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Thk } & \text { Sct } \\ \$ 00 & \text { Byhe } & \text { From } \\ \$ 88 & \text { Io } \\ 2000 \mathrm{BE} & \text { 4C59FF }\end{array}$
Write this sector back and then boot the disk.
PR\#6
The DOS isnow in memory in decoded form. Make a few modifications so it will work with the swap copy and then move it to the location where it will be used by Super IOB.
BC09:B8
BCOC:B9
BC10:B9
BC19:EA EA
BC52:B9
BC63:B8
BFFD:4C 00 BE
1900<B800.BFFFM
Insert a slave disk with no 'hello' program and reboot. Then enter the monitor.
C600G
CALL-151
Because SuperKey's RWTS entry point is \$BE00 as opposed to the normal \$BD00, we'll have to work modify some part of the RWTS or the Super IOB program. In the RWTS, some of the code at the end of the $\$ B F 00$ page is not needed for RWTS use. We can put a JMP \$BD00 at \$BFFD in the normal RWTS and a JMP \$BE00 at \$BFFD in SuperKey's RWTS. Then change \$3D9 to JMP \$BFFD instead of \$B7B5.

## BFFD:4C 00 BD

20FD:4C 00 BE
3DA:FD BF
Load Super IOB and install the SuperKey Controller. Then proceed to copy the SuperKey disk. When finished, run your sector editor.

| Ink | Sct | Byte |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 00$ | Erom | Io |
| $\$ 008$ | $4 C 59$ FF | 2000 BE |
| $\$ 0 C$ | $\$ 12$ | 56 EB50 E8 |
|  | F9FEFFFC |  |

\$OF \$3E 16726D 66D03B
There is only one thing left to do now. Replace the read translate table with a normal one. Because it is encoded, it must first be read into memory, decoded, replaced, re-encoded, and finally written back to the disk.
B7E1:01 read sector
B7EB:00 0000
B7F0:00 6D 000001
B793G
6000:A2 6A 8A 5D 95 6D 4900 decodel
encode routine
:9D 95 6D CA D0 F4 60
6000G
decode
replace

## B793G

...and you're finished!

## CONTROLLER

1000 REM "SUPERKEY
CONTROLLER
$1010 \mathrm{TK}=1: \mathrm{ST}=0: \mathrm{LT}=$
$34: C D:=W R$
1020 T1 = TK: GOSUB 490:
GOSUB 360: ONERR GOTO 550
1030 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100:ST
$=S T+1:$ IF ST < DOS THEN 1030
1040 IF BF THEN 1060
$1050 \mathrm{ST}=0: \mathrm{TK}=\mathrm{TK}+1: \mathrm{IF}$
TK $=17$ THEN 1050
1055 IF TK < LT THEN 1030
1060 GOSUB 490:TK = T1:ST =
0 : GOSUB 360
1070 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100:ST
$=S T+1: I F S T<$ DOS THEN
1070
$1080 \mathrm{ST}=0: \mathrm{TK}=\mathrm{TK}+1: \mathrm{IF}$
TK $=17$ THEN 1080
$1085 \mathrm{IF} \mathrm{BF}=0$ AND $\mathrm{TK}<\mathrm{LT}$
THEN 1070
1090 IF TK < LT THEN 1020
1100 HOME : PRINT "DONE." END

## Checksums

1000-\$356B 1050-\$36DB 1085-\$722E 1010-\$6145 1055-\$EFAF 1090-\$1DCC 1020-\$4124 1060-\$BC34 1100-\$D421 1030-\$5725 1070-\$B431
1040-\$EB16 1080-\$121D

## James J. Harvey

Softkey for.
TEAM Series
People and Places
Science and Health
Making Choices
General Interest
Davidson Associates (1990)
Requirements:
disk copier that ignores errors disk editor with search command

The "TEAM Series" is a four disk Reading Comprehension program that is appropriate for Junior High and High School students.

The total program contains over a thousand reading passages and comprehension questions.
The readings cover a wide range of subjects and may be used in any order. "People and Places" - These readings covermen and women who have shaped history plus important historical events and locations.
"Science and Health"-This disk covers questions that deal with science and health, demonstrates cause-and-effect relationships, sequencing of events, and technical vocabulary.
"Making Choices"-These selections deal with issues facing young people today such as methods for handing conflict, managing money, and reducing stress.
"General Interest" - These reading passages focus on humor, mystery, and adventure.

Each program is on a $3.5^{\prime \prime}$ disk and naturally each disk in the series contains copy protection. Here is the procedure to make an unprotected copy of each disk.

Boot Copy II Plus 9.1 (or any later version that will copy $3.5^{\prime \prime}$ disks).
Straight copy (disk with format) each of the four original disks. Ignore the read error on Block 0308.
For each of the four disks:
Scan for 20 C8 0A F0 D9
Change to 20 C8 0A EA EA
Bytes were found as follows but may be in a different location on other versions:

People and Places
Bll Bye From Io 031D 076 20C80AFOD9 20C80AEAEA

General Interest
Bll Bye from Io
031E 076 20C80AFOD9 20C80AEAEA
Making Choices
B B Bye From Io
0032076 20C80AFOD9 20 C80AEAEA

## Science and Health

Blk Bye From Io
0032076 20C80AFOD9 20C80AEAEA
Write the changes back to each disk.
Softkey for...
The Botanist's Apprentice
National Geographic Society
Project Classify: Plants:
Disk I - Side I \& II
"Desert, Forest, and Wetland"
Disk II - Side I \& II
"Farmland, Grassland, and Town"
Softkey for...

## Journey to the

Age of the Dinosaurs
National Geographic Society
Project Classify: Dinosaurs:
Disk I - Side I \& II
"North America"
Disk II - Side I \& II
"Europe and Asia"
Softkey for...

## The Field Zoologist

National Geographic Society
Project Classify: Mammals:
Disk I - Side I \& II
Mammals I
Disk II - Side I \& II
MammalsII
The following will work for all three of the above programs:

Disk I and Disk II are copy protected on Side I. Side II of each disk is not protected.

1. Format two blank disks (for each of the above programs that you wish to copy) in ProDOS using Copy II Plus and copy a fresh PRODOS file onto side I of each disk. Set these disks aside for now.
2. Boot a DOS 3.3 disk and use COPYA to copy the disk.
POKE 47426,24 Ignore Errors RUN COPYA
3. Copy Side I of each original disk. Copy all of the files, except PRODOS, from your copy onto the ProDOS formatted disks that you made before.
4. Rename these disks the same as the original.
5. Straight copy side II of each original disk onto Side II of your ProDOS copies.

MECC 5.25" disk softkeys
Softkey for...
Vacation Nation Travel (5.25")
Grammar Gazette (5.25")
Time Navigator Around the World (5.25")
Estimation Activities (5.25")
Woolly Bounce (5.25")
Cleanwater Detectives (5.25")
Paper Plane Pilot (5.25")
The Living Cell (5.25")
Blue Grass Bluff (5.25")
Littletown Zoo (5.25")
Problem Solving With Nim (5.25")

MECC
All of these MECC programs are on 5.25 " disks. Here are the instructions and the location of the bytes to change for deprotecting these programs.

1. Boot Copy II Plus and format a blank disk in ProDOS (One disk for each program):
2. Copy a fresh PRODOS file to each disk and set them aside:
3. Boot a DOS 3.3 disk and use COPYA to make copies.
RUN COPYA
ctrl-reset
70
POKE 47426,24
POKE 48584,71
RUN
4. Make the sector edits.
5. After a disk is copied and sector edited; copy all of the files (except PRODOS) from this sectoredited disk onto your formatted ProDOS disk that contains a fresh PRODOS file.
6. Rename each disk the same as the original.
7. For all 5.25 " MECC disks, scan for 90 034CXXXX 60 and change to 18EA EA EA EA 60.
8. Now make the correct edit for the disk you are copying.

Vacation Nation Travel

| Ink Sct Bye | From | Io |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0509 A6 | 90034 CDA | 18 E |

Grammar Gazette
Ink $\frac{\text { Sct }}{05} \frac{\text { Byte }}{09} \frac{\text { From }}{90034 \mathrm{C} 77} \frac{\text { IO }}{18 \mathrm{EAEAEA}}$
9160 EA60
07 OA $84 \quad 90034 C 52$ 18EAEAEA 0360 EA60

Time Navigator Around the World

| Ink | Sct | Byte | From | Io |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 05 | 09 | $\frac{8 D}{}$ | $90034 C 4 B$ | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  | $\cdot$ | 7560 | EA60 |
| 07 | $0 A$ | 98 | $90034 C 52$ | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  |  | 0360 | EA60 |

Estimation Activities
Ink Sct Byte From Io
$01 \quad 09 \quad 8 \mathrm{D} \quad 90034 \mathrm{C} 86 \quad 18 \mathrm{EAEAEA}$
8D60 EA60
03 OA 9A 90034C52 18EAEAEA
Woolly Bounce
Irk Sct Bye Erom Io
$0507 \quad 66 \quad 90034 \mathrm{CA} 2$ 18EAEAEA
9160 EA60
$\begin{array}{llll}17 & 02 & 84 & 90034 C 52 \\ \text { 18EAEAEA }\end{array}$

Cleanwater Detectives

| ITk | Sct | Byte | From | Io |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01 | 09 | 66 | 90034 CAE | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  |  | 8960 | EA60 |
| 03 | OB | 28 | 90034 C 52 | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  |  | 0360 | EA60 |

Paper Plane Pilot

| Ink | Sct | Byte | From | Io |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 09 | 8D | 90034 CD 2 | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  |  | 8660 | EA60 |
| 07 | OA | 98 | 90034 C 52 | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  |  | 0360 | EA60 |
|  |  | The Living Cell |  |  |
|  | Sct | Bye | From | Io |
|  | 09 | 66 | $90034 \mathrm{CO2}$ | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  |  | 8260 | EA60 |
| 07 | 0 | A4 | 90034 C 52 | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  |  | 0360 | EA60 |

Problem Solving With Nim
Ink Sct Bye From Io
0109 8D 90034 C 17 18EAEAEA 8060 EA60 90034 C 52 18EAEAEA 0360 EA60

Blue Grass Bluff
Irk Sct Byte From Io
$01 \quad 0966 \quad 90034 \mathrm{CA1}$ 18EAEAEA 7F60 EAEO $90034 C 52$ 18EAEAEA 0360 EA60 Littletown Zoo

Ink Sct Byte From Io
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Irk } & \text { Sct } & \text { Byte } & \text { Erom } \\ 05 & A 6 & \begin{array}{ll}90034 C 71 & \text { IO } \\ & \\ 8 A 60 & \text { EAEAEAEA }\end{array}\end{array}$

## MECC 3.5" disk softkeys

Softkey for...
Vacation Nation Travel (3.5")
Estimation Activities (3.5")
The Living Cell (3.5")
Problem Solving With Nim
(3.5")

Woolly Bounce (3.5")
Time Navigator Around the
World (3.5")
Grammar Monsters (3.5")
Cleanwater Detectives (3.5")
Paper Plane Pilot (3.5")
Littletown Zoo (3.5")
Bluegrass Bluff (3.5")
Grammar Gazette (3.5")

## MECC

A new series of MECC programs, that are ProDOS based and are on $3.5^{\prime \prime}$ and 5.25 " disks, have been made available to me. These were released in the latter part of 1991. Here are the sector edits to bypass the protection for the 3.5" disks.

1. Copy each disk using Copy II Plus and ignore the error on Blk 0308.
2. Make the appropriate block edit. Don't forget to write the changes back to each disk as you sector edit them.
3. Rename each disk the same as the original.

## Vacation Nation Travel

| BBk | Byte | Erom | Io |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 002 D | OA6 | 90034 CDA | 18 EAEAEA |

Estimation Activities
Blk Byte from Io
000 C 08D 90034 C 86 18EAEAEA
001 B 19A 90034 C 52 18EAEAEA

|  | The Living Cell |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bye | From | Io |
| 000C | 066 | $90034 \mathrm{CO2}$ | 18 EAEAEA |
|  |  | 8260 | EA60 |
| 0038 | 1A4 | $90034 C 52$ | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  | 0360 | EA60 |
|  | The Living Cell |  |  |
| 且 | Bye | Erom | Io |
| 000C | O8D | 90034 C 17 | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  | 8060 | EA60 |
| 0018 | 184 | 90034 C 52 | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  | 0360 | EA60 |

## Woolly Bounce

| 002 D | 066 | 90034 CA 2 | 18EAEAEA |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | 9160 | EA 60 |
| OOBF | 184 | 90034 C 52 | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  | 0360 | EA 60 |

Time Navigator Around the World

| 明 | Bye | Erom | Io |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 002 C | 08D | 90034 C 4 B | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  | 7560 | EA60 |
| 003B | 198 | 90034 C 52 | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  | 0360 | EA60 |
|  | Grammar Monsters |  |  |
| BH1 | Bye | Erom | Io |
| 00B2 | OA6 | 90034 C 7 B | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  | 9260 | EA60 |
| OOCA | 184 | 90034 C 52 | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  | 0360 | EA60 |

Cleanwater Detectives

| Bk | Byte | Erom | Io |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 002 C | 006 | 90034 CAE | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  | 8960 | EA60 |
| $003 B$ | 028 | 90034 C 52 | $18 E A E A E A$ |
|  |  | 0360 | EA60 |


|  | Paper Plane Pilot |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Blk | Bree | Erom | IO |  |
| O02C | O8D | $90034 C D 2$ | 18EAEAEA |  |
|  |  | 8600 | EA60 |  |
| $003 B$ | 198 | $90034 C 52$ | 18EAEAEA |  |
|  |  | 0360 | EA60 |  |

Littletown Zoo
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Blk } & \text { Byne } & \text { From } & \text { Io } \\ \text { 002C } & \text { OA6 } & 90034 C 71 & \text { 18EAEAEA } \\ & & 8 A 60 & \text { EA } 60\end{array}$
Bluegrass Bluff

| Bk | Bye | From | Io |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 000C | 066 | $90034 \mathrm{CA1}$ | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  | 7F60 | EA60 |
| 001B | 1 A4 | 90034 C 52 | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  | 0360 | EA60 |

## Grammar Gazette

| B4 | Bye | From | Io |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 002 C | 08D | $90034 \mathrm{C7}$ | 18EAEAEA |
|  |  | 9160 | EA60 |
| 003 B | 184 | 90034 C 52 | 18 EAEAEA |
|  |  | 0360 | EA60 |

Rodney W Peterson
(3) deprotected Shanghai so That I could put it on my hard drive but it doesn't beep at the three second level when playing "Challange". Try it and you will see what I mean. Is there a fix that corrects this?

Are there any deprotects for MECC programs? These are mainly educational programs.

One last thing, do you have an address for Brian A. Troha? I have written to him recently but have not received a reply.

It's for sure that you are not a regular subscriber. Softkeys for MECC software are a regular fixture at Computist. What program
are you trying to backup? There are too many titles for me to just send you everything. I haven't heard from Brian in some time. He's no doubt busy with his own affairs. Maybe he'll read this and drop us a line. RDEXed

Jack Nissel PA

## Bug in PSAT/SAT Analogies

Bug in SAT Word Attack Skills

## Bug in

## PSAT Word Attack Skills

In issue 63 the controller for PSAT/
SAT Analogies, SAT Word Attack
Skills, and PSAT Word Attack Skills.
Line 10010 should be:
10010 IF PEEK (6400) <>162
THEN PRINT CHR\$ (4) "BLOAD
RWTS.PSAT WORD ATTACK
SKILLS, A\$1900"

## Bug in Matchmaker World Geography Facts

In issue 62 the controller for Matchmaker World Geography Facts Line 10010 should be:
10010 IF PEEK (6400) <>162
THEN PRINT CHR\$ (4) "BLOAD
RWTS.MATCHMAKER WGF, A\$1900"

Bug in Algebra vol 3 \& 4
In issue 63 the controller for Algebra Volume 3 \& 4. Line 10010 should be:
10010 IF PEEK ( 6400 ) $\langle>162$
THEN PRINT CHR $\$(4)$ "BLOAD
RWTS .ALGEBRA, $\$ 1900$ "
I'm sorry if these errors caused anyone problems.

Softkey for...
Fact or Opinion:
Smart Shopper Blue Level Fact or Opinion:
Smart Shopper Red Level Cause \& Effect:
Mountain Climbing Blue Level
Drawing Conclusions:
Chief of Detectives Red Level Drawing Conclusions:
Chief of Detectives Blue Level Reading for Detail:
Race Track Blue Level
Getting the Main Idea:
Around the World Blue Level Learning Well
Requirements:
The original disk(s)
A blank initialized disk for each title A blank initialized slave disk
Super IOB v1.5
A way to reset into the monitor
These titles can be deprotected by using Super IOB with the Swap Controller. Use the RWTS of the protected disk to read the original disk then use a normal RWTS to write the information back to your blank disk.

1. INITialize your blank disk(s)

INIT HELLO
DELETE HELLO
2. Boot your original disk and at the Applesoft prompt reset into the monitor.
3. Move the RWTS to a safe place by entering:
$1900<B 800$. BFFFM
4. Put in your slave disk and boot it by entering:

## C600G

5. After the disk boots and the Applesoft prompt appears insert yourSuperIOB disk and save the RWTS to it by entering:
BSAVE RWTS.LEARNING WELL,

## A $\$ 1900$, L $\$ 800$

6. Install the controller into Super IOB, run it and copy your original disk to your blank disk. Answer NO when asked if you want to INITialize the blank disk.

## CONTROLLER

1000 REM LEARNING WELL
$1010 \mathrm{TK}=3: \mathrm{ST}=0: \mathrm{LT}=$
35:CD = WR
1020 T1 = TK: GOSUB 490:
GOSUB 360: ONERR GOTO 550
1030 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100:ST
$=$ ST + 1: IF ST < DOS THEN
1030
1040 IF BF THEN 1060
$1050 \mathrm{ST}=0: \mathrm{TK}=\mathrm{TK}+1: \mathrm{IF}$
TK < LT THEN 1030
1060 GOSUB 490:TK = T1:ST $=$ 0 : GOSUB 360
1070 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100:ST $=S T+1$ : IF ST < DOS THEN 1070
$1080 \mathrm{ST}=0: \mathrm{TK}=\mathrm{TK}+1: \mathrm{IF}$ $\mathrm{BF}=0 \mathrm{AND} \mathrm{TK}<\mathrm{LT}$ THEN 1070
1090 IF TK < LT THEN 1020
1100 HOME : PRINT "DONE" : END
10010 IF PEEK (6400) < > 162 THEN PRINT CHRS (4) "BLOAD ORWTS.LEARNINGOWELL, A\$1900"

## Checksums

1000-\$356B 1040-\$6342 1080-\$6CA2 1010-\$3565 1050-\$ABA3 1090-\$9DCA 1020-\$6170 1060-\$20CO 1100-\$C97D 1030-\$7771 1070-\$28C5 10010-\$2E37

Softkey for...

## Reading for Detail: <br> Race Track Red Level

 Sequence:What Comes First Red Level Sequence:
What Comes First Blue Level Getting the Main Idea:
Around the World Red Level Inference:
School Days Red Level Inference:
School Days Blue Level
Following Directions:
Behind the Wheel Red Level Context Clues:
Hidden Treasure Red Level

## Learning Well

Requirements:
The original disk(s)
A blank disk for each title
DOS 3.3 system disk
Any sector editor
All of these titles can be deprotected in the following manner.

1. Boot your DOS 3.3 system master and at the ] prompt enter:
POKE 47426,24 ignore checksum and epilogs
RUN COPYA
2. Copy your original disk to your blank disk.
3. Make the following sectoredit to your disk.
Irk Sat Bye From Io
4. Write the sector back to the disk.

## BBS

Gate, Space Fox, and HoverBlade are all available from LRO Computer Sales at 1-800-869-9152. The prices are \$45, $\$ 49$, and $\$ 29$ respectively. The best of the three by faris GATE - nice graphics, some good puzzles, and a number of surprises. The first two were produced by the Toolbox folks in France; they also produced Sensei GS, a karate game that is pretty cool (nice graphics, sound and animation), but it will reportedly not be released due to the weak GS software market. It is only to be found on "illicit" BBS's (whatever those are). Meanwhile, Secret of Bharas has just been released by Victory Software, the people who did 2088:Cryllan Mission I \& 2. It reportedly has similar graphics to CM2, and is played similarly.

## BBS

\#181
(®)Does anyone have a crack for the 5.25 version of Children's Writing and Publishing Center for the Apple? I could really use some help on that one!
(®Does anyone know if there is any way to get Apple IIgs programs, that apparently run on ROM 1 only, to run on a ROM 3 machine?

I would like to thank Jack Moravetz for all his help. It's great to know that there are those among us who are able and willing to help out. Thanks Jack!

Here's my address if you can helpme with the above questions. (I don't get on this board too often.)

Ron Powers
1607 Skeels Ave.
Eau Claire, WI 54701
(715) 834-8676

BBS
\#61
(3I have Skate or Die for the IIgs, using the old ROM version 1. It doesn't work with the version 3 ROMs. When I called Electronic Arts and informed them of this problem, they said, "They couldn't help me, and that they are not going to release a new version to accommodate the new ROM version 3." Is there any way to rewrite the code so it could be used on the new ROM version 3?

BBS \#19
Softkey for...

## Superstar Ice Hockey

After someone telling me that the softkey I presented for Superstar Ice Hockey was, in not so many words, ridiculous, I looked for other ways of deprotection. Since I don't own the program, this was tricky, but a softkey originally appeared in issue 71 . For those who don'thave that issue but would still like to play the game without the manual checks, here is the softkey as it appeared. The credit for this one goes to Brian Troha and Stephen Lau.

| Blk | $\frac{\text { Byte }}{}$ | Erom | Io |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 9$ | $\$ 5 F$ | $20 A 31 A$ | AD A31A |
| $\$ B$ | $\$ 4$ | $D 013$ | EAEA |
|  | $\$ C$ | $D 00 B$ | EAEA |


| $\$ C$ | \$11A | D500 | D400 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 38$ | $\$ B 7$ | D0 12 | 8038 |
| $\$ A 6$ | $\$ B 7$ | D0 12 | 8036 |

I would like to take this opportunity to thank Mr. Troha, Mr. Lau, and all the others who took the time to explain how and why they did certain things while deprotecting. It helped me (and I'm sure others) a lot.

Jack Moravetz

Softkey for...
Skills Bank II

Skills Bank II is an educational package containing teacherdisks, class record disks, student disks, and various levels of lesson disks. When the lesson disks are copied, the student disk accessing them will say that it is a copy and quit. The protection is on the student disk in a file called TUA.OVR. Using a block or sector editor (I use Glen Bredon's Block Warden) to follow the file TUA.OVR, search for the bytes $\$ 2041$ 77 and replace the $\$ 20$ with $\$ 60$ and write the block back to the disk. It is in the file at least twice. You need to place the $\$ 60$ at the first oçcurrence.

Tim Furry

## Notes on <br> Test Drive II cars disks

I just ran across this today. If you want to have only one data disk for your cars (supercars and musclecars), here's what to do: Copy all of your car files from one disk to the other (i.e. from muscle cars to super cars or vice versa). Boot up a source code editor (such as ORCA/M) and edit the file "CARS .DAT" so that it includes the following:

CAMA Camaro_ZL-1
DODG Dodge_Charger
GOAT Pontiac_GTO
GT50 Mustang_GT500
STNG Corvette_Stingray
That's all there is to it!

Unknown

IBM Softkey for...

## The Faery Tale

A really easy doc check, it can be bypassed in many ways. I put the alterations as deep as possible to avoid any possible complications. The protection is in FTC.EXE and FTE.EXE which are the CGA and EGA versions.

For Norton users, search FTC.EXE and FTE.EXE for the byte pattern 85 C0 74239A and change the 7423 to EB 2 E .

DEBUGmethod.DEBUG is assumed to be in the current path or directory. First the CGA version.
REN FTC.EXE FTC.ZAP
DEBUG FTC.ZAP
E 352F EB 2E
$\mathbf{W}$
$\mathbf{Q}$
$\mathbf{R}$
REN FTC.ZAP FTC.EXE
Now for the EGA version.
REN FTE.EXE FTE.ZAP
DEBUG FTE.ZAP
E 3625 EB 2E
$W$
$\mathbf{Q}$
REN FTE.ZAP FTE.EXE

Okay, that's it. Just hit return when asked for the words from the map.

IBM Softkey for...

## Gauntlet!

Use Norton to search the GPROG. EXE file for B4 1C (offset should be hex 7E51). Change B4 1CCD 21 8A 07 3C F8 75 to 9090 E8 EF 0131 C0 EB 04. Search for: 02 B8 (offset should be hex 8045). Change 02 B8003F CD 217207 A1 to 0E 1F BB EF FF B8 1100 A3. Search for 0306 (offset should be 8050) and change to 891 E .

IBM Softkey for...

## Grave Yardage <br> Activision

Use PCtools or other program and edit GY.EXE. Go to sector 72, offset 373 and change 9A 3411 to E9 9000. That's it!

IBM Softkey for...

## Gun Boat <br> Accolade

Use Norton and search file GB.EXE (141,333 03-09-90 1:12p) for 7503 E9 8A (should be at offset 27FFH). Change 7503 to 9090 . Now, when you're asked to enter an answer, hit any number and the RETURN key.

IBM Softkey for...

## Astrilis <br> Shaman Games

Use debug to load astrilis.com DEBUG ASTRILIS.COM
E 79D1
XXXX:79D1 75.EB
E79EB
XXXX:79EB 75.90 F2.90

## W

That's all there is to it. If you find that the address doesn't match then search for 3AE075 114F and change to 3AEO EB 11 4F.
3AEO CMP AH,AL
7511 JNZ 79E4 ;changes JNZ to JMP 4F DEC DI

Search for 3C 4D 75 F2 BF 0001 and change to 3C 4D 9090 BF 0001 .
3C4D CMP AL,4D
75F2 JNZ 79DF;changes JNZ to NOP BF0001 MOV DI,0100

IBM Softkey for...

## Ancient Art of War

 Broderbund1. Make a copy of the original distribution diskette using the DISKCOPY command. Put your original away, and work on the copy. Steps 2 through 6 assume that a disk containing DEBUG.COM is in drive A: and your working WAR disk is in drive $B$ :
2. From the $A>$ prompt, type:

RENAME B:WAR.EXE WAR.SAV
Followed by, of course, hitting the Return key.
3. Now, start up DEBUG with:

DEBUG B:WAR.SAV
4. From the '-' DEBUG prompt, enter: E 8BD8
xxxx:8BD8 CD-F8 13-90 73-EB
The 'xxxx' will vary for your system, but if everything from the colon (:) onward doesn't look the same, DON'T continue - either you have another version, or something is wrong.

DEBUG will display: $x x x x$ :8BD8 CD-. Enter 'F8', and hit the space bar. DEBUG will display: 13- Enter ' 90 ', and hit the space bar. DEBUG will display: 73- Enter 'EB', and hit the space bar, and then Retum.
5. Now, from the '-' DEBUG prompt, enter ' $W$ ', and hit the Returnkey. This will write the file back to disk.
6. Enter ' $Q$ ' to leave DEBUG, and from the A> prompt, enter.

## RENAME B:WAR.SAV WAR.EXE

Your working copy of WAR will now run, and can, itself, be backed up using the DOS DISKCOPY or COPY commands.

Note: if you use WAR on a fixed disk, you will not be able to save a game in progress, due to a small bug - WAR tests the default disk for the presence of a file named " $M$ ", instead of the selected data disk, the intent being to prevent saving a game on the same disk as that file. To disable this test, after completing step 4, patch the following location: E3B1D
xxxx:3B1D OB-31
Replaces the '0B' with '31'. This will allow you to save a game on a floppy disk in the A: drive; Note, however, that this removes a small margin of safety (if you save a new campaign and a game to the same disk, the game reloader will get confused).

IBM Softkey for...

## Aardvark McGraw-Hill Financial Software JRE

This informationis provided to allow legal owners to liberate themselves from the dependence on a single floppy diskette.

Caution: It is highly recommended that you use this protection scheme on a backup copy of your software, in case you have a problem. Under no circumstance should you use this routine on an original floppy. I did the routine on a copy created by Quaid Software's "Copyright" (A program I highly suggest you purchase.)
Using the below patches, you will be able to make unlimited backups of the floppy, but more importantly, be able to boot the entire system off a hard disk.
The copy protection method used on this program expects an unusually formatted Track 7. The easiest way around this was to bypass the entire 'Verify Track 7' routine.

I assume that you are familiar with DEBUG (found on the 2nd DOS diskette). Everything displayed below in upper-case will be supplied by the computer, you must type everything that is in lower-case. Note that the ' - ' is DEBUG's prompt and should not be typed. Place the program diskette in Drive A, and Debug in Drive B. The following example applies to 'Estate Tax Planner' but the same theory seems to apply to all in the series.
A $>$ b:debug est1 Enter Debug
-r cs Get CS from debug (always different)
CS XXXX Add 1000 to the number returned by DEBUG. This becomes yyyy.
: Example: CS 2502, $+1000=3502$ (yyyy)
-s yyyy:0 ffff e8 a 0755 Use above calculated yyyy in this line.

YYYY:CF3D If DEBUG does not return
this number, add another 1000 and retry.
-e yyyy:cł3d $9090909090 \quad$ Tell program to skip copy prot. routine.
-w Save the program with the changes. Writing 1E000 bytes DEBUG displays this message.
$-q$
Exit DEBUG
That's It. Use ‘COPY A:*.* B:' to move all files to a formatted diskette and you will have the whole system unprotected and copyable.

If you are like me, and you follow the abovedirections verbatim, you will never succeed in unprotecting the AARDVARK software. In the step above where you are waiting for the computer to return CF3D, it does NOT have to be CF3D. On my software, it was something totally different. So...the proper step, in my case, was to take the value returned: YYYY:CF3D <or whatever value appeared $>$, and type:
e yyyy:CF3D (or whatever value appeared above) Put 90909090 90 in place of what the program tells you above.

IBM Softkey for...

## ATI Training Software JRE

Thisinformation is provided to allow legal owners of the above software to liberate themselves from the dependence of a single floppy diskette.

Using the below patches, you will be able to make unlimited backups of the floppy, but more importantly, be able to boot the entire system off a hard disk.

The copy protection method used on this program expects an unusually formatted Track 2. The easiest way around
this was to patch the 'Verify Track' routine.

When you run the unprotected copy of Chart Master, you will get an error message. You can ignore this an just press <ENTER>. I'm sure that this can be bypassed also, but after running the program, I was disappointed and decided not to spend any more time debugging it. If you can eliminate this shortcoming, feel free to modify this routine. Please send changes to ComputistRDEX editor.

I assume that you are familiar with DEBUG (found on the 2nd DOS diskette). Everything displayed below in upper-case will be supplied by the computer, you must type everything that is in lower-case. Note that the ' - ' is DEBUG's prompt and should not be typed. Make a copy of the file 'ATI.EXE'; never work with you only copy. Place the program diskette in Drive A, and Debug in Drive B.
A> ren ati.exe ati Debug can't save an EXE file
A> b:debug atl Enter Debug
-s 0 fffo 81 e0 ff 008986 Search for the routine to be patched.
YYYY:21AF DEBUG should return this number. If not, you have a different vers \& should quit.
-e 21af e9 $7900 \quad$ Eliminate Floppy Verify routine.
-w Save the program with the changes. Writing 6800 bytes

Exit DEBUG
$-q>$ ren atl ati.exe REName the file to it's original name
That's It. Use 'COPY A:*.* B:' to move all files to a formatted diskette and you will have the whole system unprotected and copyable.

## unClassifieds

## How to place an UnClassified Ad

Send a typed sample copy with appropriate instructions. (If possible, send text on a $5.25^{\prime \prime}$ Apple format disk.) Use up to 40 characters per line, we will adjust word wrap.

Special Graphics Instructions: The first three words of the first line are printed in bold for free. If you want other words bolded, use 5 characters less per line. Use 10 characters less per line if you have a lot of uppercase bold letters. Bold letters are wider than normal. If the typed copy does not show bold, circle the words you want bolded and, on the side, write BOLD. If you want a line centered, write CENTER next to that line. There is no charge for centering any line.

You must check your ad for errors, the first time it runs. Errors on our part will be corrected, then, for free. Errors or changes on your part will be charged a $\$ 5$ processing fee.
$\star \star \star \star$ New Rates (per line) $\star \star \star \star$
Computist club member All others
$\qquad$
The minimum order is $\$ 5$.

- Our liability for errors or omissions is limited to the cost of the ad.
- We reserve the right to refuse any ad.
- Washington state residents add $7.8 \%$ sales tax. - Send a check or money order (funds drawn on US bank only) for the entire amount to:


## COMPUTIST unCLASSIFIEDS 33821 East Orville Road Eatonville, WA 98328

## WANTED

## "Most Wanted List" Software

Need help to deprotect a disk
Softkey hobbist is interested in acquiring copy protected software to deprotect. Good track record, many successful attempts. Original disk will be returned along with softkey for COMPUTIST. Especially interested in older software (pre-1988) but will give any disk a shot. I'm especially interested in:

Drol---Broderbund Serpentine---Broderbund
Spare Change---Broderbund
Wings of Fury ---Broderbund
Star Cruiser ---Sirius
Space Eggs---Sirius
Falcons---Picadilly
Microwave---Cavalier
System: Apple IIe, 128K. Send disk to:

## Rich Etarip

824 William Charles, Apt \#2 Green Bay, WI 54304

## Lode Runner Fun Club

1900 optional Lode Runner screens available for exchange with your original screens. Toshikazi Yamamoto
\#706 Minami-Ikebukuro-Jutaku 1-13-21 Minami-Ikebukuro, Toshima Tokyo 171 Japan

## Help! Looking for

a working copy of Eureka \& The Graphics and Sounds Development System from the book "Eureka" by Timothy Knight published by Baen Computer Books. Also seeking a copy of Superworks (Appleworks for IBM).

## CK Bevan <br> PO Box 941072

Atlanta GA 30341-0072


Apple Most Wanted


73 American History Explorer Series
75 Anchorman ............................ Virginia Reel
74 Animals of the Past.................Focus Media

72 Ankh.........................................Datamost
73 Ant Farm ................................... Sunburst
67 Aquatron .........................................Sierra
63 Bad Street Brawler ....................Mindscape 73 Bank Street Beginner's Filer .........Sunburst 73 Bank Street School Filer ...............Sunburst 63 Beyond Zork .................................Infocom 65 Bilestoad ..................................Datamost 69 Blue Powder - Grey Smoke ................Grade 74 Birds - Trees \& Flowers ..........Focus Media 63 Border Zone ..................................Infocom 67 Bouncing Kamungas ..................... Penguin 66 Boxing ...................................................? 65 Bureaucracy .................................Infocom 67 C'est La Vie ............Adventure International 69 Caverns of Callisto ...........................Origin 69 Checker ........................................Odesta 69 Chess 7.0 ....................................Odesta 81 Chessmaster 2100 Ile ..Software Toolworks 75 Clue Master Detective .........Leisure Genius 63 Cosmic Relief ................................Datasoft 65 Crime \& Punishment ........................Imagic
81 Crosscountry USA School Edition. Didatech 69 Crossword Magic v4.0 ..............................?
69 Cybermation ................................Nexa Corp. 74 Decimal Dungeon..........................Unicorn 74 Decisions Decisions: Colonization v1.0

67 Falcons ...................................................................................................................................Sirius

62 Sea Stalker .............................Broderbund 67 Serpentine Broderbund 63 Sky Shark .......................................................... 63 Sound Song \& Vision ...Advanced Software 67 Space Ark ....................................Datamost 62 Spare Change ........................Broderbund 62 Speedy Spides ..................Readers Digest 67 Star Cruiser .................................... Sirius 63 StickyBear Math: Add \& Subtract Optimum Resources
68 Stickybear GS Versions 3.5 ...............Xerox 67 Succession ................................Piccadilly 61 Superstar Indoor Sports .............Mindscape 74 Surveys Unlimited ......................Mindscape 68 Talking Text Writer GS ................Scholastic 68 Tangled Tales ...................Origin Systems 69 Tetris (Ile) .....................Spectrum Holobyte
72 Theatre Europe .. Spectrum Holobyte 74 The Other Side v2.0
....Tom Snyder Productions
81 Think Quick! v1. 2 ..........Leaming Company
65 Thunder Chopper .
63 Ticket to Washington D.C.
74 Time Expor................. Blue Lion Software
74 Time Explorers..................................Gameco
74 Time Liner v1.1 ....Tom Snyder Productions
68 Tomahawk (llgs) ............................ Datasoft 69 Track Attack............................ Broderbund 68 Triad ..............................Thunder Mountain 72 Triango (llgs) ..................California Dreams 68 Trinity ..........................................Infocom 73 Unicorn 5.25" software ...................Unicorn 73 Vincent's Museum Tom Snyder Productions 68 Volcanoes v1.8 .Earthware Comp. Services 66 War in the Middle Earth .............. Melbourne 63 Wings of Fury ...........................Broderbund 63 Wizardry:Return of Werda ............Sir-Tech. 65 Works (the) ....................First Star Software 67 Zenith ........................................ Softsmith

## IBM Most Wanted

| 84 Ace of Aces ................................Accolade |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 84 Bar Games .............................Accolade |
| 84 Colony ..................................Mindscape |  |
| Don't Go Alone .........................Accolad |  |
| 75 Empire ....................................Inters |  |
| 84 Final Orbit ..............................Innerpris |  |
| GBA Championship Football$\qquad$ |  |
|  |  |
| 68 Graphitti ...... George Best Phillips Academy |  |
| ros |  |
| 84 Hardball II ..............................Accolade |  |
| Harmony ................................Accolade |  |
| 84 Hat Trick................................Capcom |  |
| 84 Ishido ...................................Accol |  |
| ter ...................... |  |
|  |  |

......................Melbourne House
84 M1 Tank Platoon.......................Microprose 84 Monty Python's Flying Circus

Mastertronic
72 Operation Wolf ..................................Taito
84 Outrun .............................................Sega
84 Phantasm ...............................................et
86 Pirates! ...................................Microprose
84 Powerdrome .......................Electronic Arts
72 Radio Baseball ....................Electronic Arts 84 Sim City ..........................................Maxis 84 Stormovik ...........................Electronic Arts 86 Sword of the Samurai ................Microprose 84 Test Drive III: The Passion ...........Accolade 84 Third Courier ...............................Accolade 84 Troika .........................................Paragon 84 Wayne Gretzky Hockey 2 .............Bethesda 84 World's Greatest Baseball Game
..EpyxKeypunch
\#79-The ProductMonitor- Bitkeys:Kabul Spy-Softkeys: ABM• Algebra 1-6• Cause and Effect• Chemistry: Series I• Computer Generated Mathematics Vol. 2. Cribbage• Designer Puzzles• Dungeon Master Assistant Vol. 2- Econom-ics- Genesis•Gin King•Go•Graphmaster• Hard Hat Mack• Hi Res Computer Golf- Integer Arcade. Laser Bounce• Mammals Reptiles and Insects• Master Grades• Mickey's Crossword Puzzle Maker• Mind Benders• Missing Links• Non-Western Cultures• RoboCOP•Safari Search- SAT Score Improvement Series• Special Product and Algebraic Factors• Stickybear GS Talking series Talking Alphabet• Talking Opposites• Talking Shapes• Task Force• Teacher's Toolkit version 3.1• The Great Knowledge Race• The History of Europe• The Solar System•The Time Tunnel- Thief• TrianGO• US History• WastelandWater and Weather• Who Am I?• Word Problems for Algebra• Worksheet Gen-erator- Writing Chemical Formulas• Your Body• Your Body: Series II- Playing Tips: Baneful Tales-Elite•Mac Features:Mac Hard Disk EjectionFix•Mac Softkeys and other Patches: ABCBase• Animation Toolkit1• Aztec C 1.0• Aztec $C$ version 1.00 c - Championship Boxing• Chart Checkminder• Cutthroats• Cutthroats alternate• Deja Vu• Desk Toppers• Dollars \& Sense• Dollars \& Sense alternate• Electric Checkbook• Excel- Excel alternate fix• Fact Finder 1.0• Factfinder• Farenheit 451• Feathers \& Space• File• FileMaker• Filevision• Filevision alternate $\cdot$ Forecast• Frogger• FunPak• Gato• Grid Wars• Griffin Terminal• Haba-Comm• HabaComm altemate• HabaCheckMinder• Habadex 1.1• Harrier Strike Mission• Hayden Speller. Hayden Speller alternate• Hippo^C Level 1• Hitchhiker's alternate- Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy- Home Accountant• LegacyLode Runner• Mac Fortran• Macattack• MacChkrs/Rvrsi $\bullet$ MacCommand•MacDraft 1.0•MacDraft 1.1•MacGammon/ Cribbage• MacJack/Poker II• MacLabeller• MacMatch• MacPascal (version 1.0)- MacPoker• MacType• Master Type- Master Type alternate- Mouse Stampede•Multiplan alternate• Multip-
lanversion $1.02 \cdot$ OverVue -PageMaker PageMaker 1.0•Pensate•PFS•PFSFile/ Report• PFS version A.03• Real Poker• Rogue• Sargon III• SkyFox• Smooth Talker• The Quest• Think Tank• ThinkTank 1.1• ThinkTank 128• ThinkTank $512 \cdot$ Transylvania•Triple Play 1.0 .Trivia Arcade Trivia Fever• Typing Intrigue• Ulima ][• Ultima III• VideoWorks $1.0 \cdot$ WellTris• Winter Games• Xyphus• Features, Notes \& such: COPYA-able Questron II• How to make Thief into a BRUNable file• How to run Task Force on your hard drive• Making Genesis into a single BRUNable fileMaking Hard Hat Mack into a single BRUNable file• Making PLATO software run on the Enhanced //e• MultiColumn Print Utility (MCP)• Notes on Battle Chess• Notes on Silent Service GS• Notes on Wildcard II card• Object Module Format (OMF)• ORCA/Disassembler Scripts• ORCA/Disassembler utilities• Other Notes• Running Teacher's Toolkit v3.1 (3.5") on a Laser 128Task Force on a hard drive and Wings by Vitesse•The Basics of Kracking (part 5): Deprotection of Modified DOS disks• The Basics of Kracking Part 6: Mating Zone \& Nibblizing Mysteries• Update on theSilent Service GS v925.01 crack• Xternal Commands for BASIC: CWD (Change Working Directory)•ONLINE• \#80• The Product Monitor Features, Notes \& such: Add Copy II Plus file handling to your BASIC program $\cdot$ Comments on the Beginner's Book - Formatting 720K disks as 1.44 M HD. How to SAVE hexdumps as CDA's• Logging ProDOS Drives• The Basics of Kracking (part 7)• The Basics of Kracking (part 8)• Bitkeys: Black Magic• Guild of Thieves• Gunslinger• King's Quest Se-ries- Leisure Suit Larry- Man Hunter: New York• Police Quest• Realms of Darkness• Saracen• Sierra Boot Disks• Silicon Dreams• Space Quest Series• Ultima V•Wizardry Series• Xyphus• Softkeys: Ancient Art of Ware Battle Chess• Bridge 6.0• Captain Blood GS• Dinosaur Days v1.0• Empire• Fahrenheit 451• Fay's Word Rally• GATO v1.3- Greeting Card Maker• HostageKeef The Thief• Magic Spells v2.0• Magic Spells v2.1•Mickey's Crossword

Puzzle Maker• Monsters and Make Believe v1.1• Pipe Dream• Pipe Dreams• Rear Guard• Rendezvous with Rama• Same or Different• Teacher's Tool Kit• Teacher's Tool Kit (IIc). War of the Lance• Where in the USA is Carmen Sandiego? - WindwalkerGS• Windwalker IIe• APTs: Space Rogue• Wizardry III• Playing Tips: Countdown• Space Rogue• IBM Softkeys: Serve and Volley• Welltris
\#81- The Product Monitor Bitkeys: Micro Typewriter• Softkeys: Backyard Birds- Balance of Power Chemistry: Balancing Equations• Chemistry: The Periodic Table• Chuck Yeager's AFT• EquationMath•Estimation: Quick Solve I- Estimation: Quick Solve II• Five-Star Forecast• Fossil Hunter• Grammar Toy

Shop• Instant Survey• Micro Typewriter v4.0• Murphy's Minerals• Patterns• Picture Chompers• ProbabilityLab•Professor Al's Sequencing Lab-Stickybear Shapes (ProDOS 1.5)• Studymate (the grade booster)• Sun and Seasons• The Duel: Test Drive II• Time Navigator• Tomahawk•Windwalker•APTs: Where in Europe is Carmen Sandiego?• Where in the USA is CarmenSandiego?• Where in the World is Carmen Sandiego?• Where in Time is Carmen Sandiego?• Playing Tips: Windwalker• IBM Softkeys: Crime Wave• Gauntlet II• Stunt Driver• Thexder II• Wing Commander• IBM Reader Review: Copyright• and much more. . .
For a complete back issue list, send a 75\& stamp to Computist.

## Free Software

## (while they last-only two copies left)

These software packages are NEW (shrink-wrapped except for the one copy of Sound Master that I opened in order to find out what it was). They're software packages that someone ordered and then canceled and we were unable to return.

# SoundQuest CZ Master 

Sound Quest In<br>(For Commodore Amiga)

## 

For use with the Casio CZ-101, CZ-1000, CZ-3000, CZ-5000 and other compatable synthesizers. Included are file management and bank editing features, patch mixing and random voice generation features. Compose and mix your own music using many of the package options available.

Send order to Computist at the address listed on the Back issue order form below.



- US funds drawn on US bank. • Most orders shipped within 5 working days, however please allow up to 4 weeks delivery for some orders. • Large orders are shipped UPS so please use a street address. $\cdot$ Offer good while supply lasts. $\bullet$ Call (206) 832-3055 to use a credit card or send check/money order to:

COMPUTIST 33821 E Orville Road Eatonville WA 98328


[^0]:    COMPUTIST \#87

